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A. P. DURLIN & CO., PROPRIETORS

E. F. SLOAN, Editor.

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Resident Dentist; Office and dwelling on the South side of the Public Square, 1st door East of the Erie Bank Building. Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Carious teeth filled with pure Gold, and restored to health and usefulness. Teeth cleaned with instruments and Dentifice so as to remove all tartar and discolorations. All work warranted.

MR. WHITEHEAD'S WILL.

When the wealthy middle-aged bachelor, Samuel Scrope, espoused the penniless young widow Eardly, who had one child of her first marriage living, a little boy of three years old, folks, as usual, expressed various opinions on the subject; while, of course, the happy couple, knowing nothing and caring less of what was said about them, in process of time shared the common fate, and, when gossiping had exhausted itself, were allowed to glide down the stream of time unheeded. Mrs. Scrope presented her second husband likewise with a son, the nurse declaring that the child and his father were as like as two peas. This, perhaps, was not flattering to the baby, though the declaration might be based on truth—Mr. Scrope being a fat, white, flabby-looking personage, with half-closed eyes and a clean-shaven face, whereon stray hair was never permitted to rest, presenting, in short, the resemblance of a huge overgrown "flabby dabby babby."

The likeness between father and son continued to increase, as the latter grew up, and long after Mrs. Scrope was left a widow for the second time continued to be pointed out by those who had known the deceased. And this likeness was not confined to outward appearance; for in disposition and character young Samuel greatly resembled his father—in excessive timidity, approaching to nervousness; in shy and embarrassed manner; in all sorts of old-womanish propensities—such as putting his feet in hot water, and taking basins of scalding gruel to cure colds, which, so nehow, he was always catching; in finety neatness, and detestation of firearms and all offensive or defensive weapons—in these particulars he was indeed, as friends remarked, his father's own son. From his mother he inherited a love of money, or parsimonious saving and hoarding, a tolerable share of suspiciousness, and a large amount of prudence: a cold and perfectly unimpassioned temperament, calculating even his indulgences, and rather obtuse brain, were singularly combined; and what he wanted in sense, he made up in deliberation and warmness. Such was Samuel Scrope the younger, the heir of his father's large fortune, the idol of his doting mother, and the pampered, spoiled boy of the household. She never could part with him for the purposes of education; he was too delicate for any school—it would kill Sam to be buffeted and rudely treated! So Sam had a tutor at home, whose situation was a real sinecure, so far as teaching went—the young gentleman having it much his own way when and how his lessons were to be acquired and repeated. Mrs. Scrope, like many weak mothers, cared not much for her son's requirements, except those which barely sufficed as a passport through society in general. What did it matter, she said, for Samuel to toil and moil over books, when he had a large fortune ready made to enjoy? It was all right and proper that her eldest born, Francis Eardley, should strive to win prizes and be a great scholar, because he had only his own exertions to depend upon; besides, Frank was high-spirited and boisterous, had fine health and energies, and was altogether of a different nature from Sam. Of a different nature indeed! —brave, generous, self-denying, affectionate and warm-hearted. Francis as little resembled his younger brother in disposition as in person, for that was pre eminently graceful and agreeable. Sam's cowardice and sluggish intellect presented such a contrast to the bold, daring and splendid abilities of Frank, that even Mrs. Scrope could not fail to see it, despite her partiality for the former; though why that partiality existed, it were hard to fathom, unless it arose from Sam's more closely resembling herself.

Frank was sent to a public school, and was a favorite with every one, making friends everywhere he went; but at home, the home where his younger brother reigned paramount, there grave faces always met him, there he was chided and rebuked by his mother, and avoided by the fat, pampered Sam, who looked askance on the fine youth, whose noble and manly bearing roused feelings of envy and dislike. What right had Frank to laugh and joke and ride and sing and conduct himself in so off-hand a way, when he never had a farthing in his pocket!—for Mrs. Scrope kept poor Frank very low in pocket money, though she had a moderate life-interest, and Sam, whose hands were always in his pockets; turning over his gold, which he seldom changed, skulked about, with nothing to do and nothing to say, and feeling quite ill at ease before his gay, handsome brother.

Among the visitors at Scrope Hall was a Mr. Whitehead, an elderly bachelor of grave and taciturn demeanor, reputed to be enormously wealthy, and of privileged eccentricity. A miser in the literal sense of the term; sly, observant and prying noiselessly into the concerns of everybody and everything. Mr. Whitehead visited about from one house to another, living in clover at them all. It was rumored that he was not quite sound in his mind, and that an early love disappointment had turned his brain; however, those who now contemplated his dirty flaxen wig, and tall, lank form, arrayed uniformly in threadbare black, found it difficult to realize the idea of a romantic passage in such a life and in such a being! Mammon was the God of his worship now, at all events. Mr. Whitehead had been a crony of the deceased Mr. Scrope, and it was apparent that he transferred to the younger Samuel much of the approval and liking he had bestowed on the elder. At Scrope Hall, Mr. Whitehead was always a welcome and favored Guest; his ways were in unison with their ways; and Samuel was so great a favorite with the sour-visaged old man, that Mrs. Scrope indulged pleasant dreams of an accession to her darling's fortune. As to Frank, he had become Mr. Whitehead's abomination, for he would neither bend, or fawn, or flatter or learn.

There was another dwelling to which Mr. Whitehead had access, and whose inmates were of a different character from those of Scrope Hall; and yet, strange to say, these two domicils were the old bachelor's favorite resting-places, and he restored from one to the other with infinite satisfaction.—Many miles of hill and dale, rivers and woodlands, divided the hostile houses, and Miss Pamela Gordon had not seen Mrs. Scrope face to face since the widowhood of the latter; but unspoken animosity existed between the ladies; and Mrs; Scrope called Miss Pamela "a masculine spinister!" while Miss Pamela denominated Mrs. Scrope "a screw!" Mr. Whitehead heard what each said of the other, laughed in his sleeve, and enjoyed the good things at both houses. Perhaps, unconfessed by himself, the childless and lonely man found an attraction at Miss Pamela's pleasant home, which he vainly sought for elsewhere; for Miss Pamela had a young niece resident with her, whose laughing dark eyes brought memories to the old man's heart he vainly essayed to dispel; and Elspeth Gordon became to Mr. Whitehead a sort of loadstone, whose attraction it was not possible to resist. Yet, who played such pranks with the cross old miser as little Ellie? Who cajoled him out of a silver crown so easily for the purposes of charity? Who said and did such impudent, and such tender and charming things as Ellie Gordon, the orphan niece of the strong-minded Miss Pamela?

Miss Pamela Gordon was the half-sister of Elspeth's father, who had married the only sister of Mr. Scrope, to that gentleman's lasting and inexorable displeasure. Captain Gordon died soon after his ill-fated marriage, leaving his broken-hearted wife and infant daughter ill provided for. Mrs. Gordon at length, in deep distress, appealed to her brother's widow for assistance, but Mrs. Scrope turned a deaf ear to her request; she had Samuel to take care of, and Francis to educate and provide for. The dying woman then turned towards her sister-in law, Miss Pamela, as a last resource, for help in her extremity. Miss Pamela was considered a person not to be imposed upon, and by no means soft-hearted. She lived on a handsome life-annuity, a fact which she took care to render public: "as it was better folks should all know," she said, "that she had nothing to bequeath in her will, and lived up to her income." Miss Pamela and her half-brother had never been very good friends; they had squabbled and differed on every possible and impossible topic; moreover, Miss Pamela had strongly set her face against his alliance with Mary Scrope, and she was in the secret of Mr. Whitehead's romantic devotion to that lady, who, however, preferred the insinuating captain. Notwithstanding all those bygone reminiscences, when poor Miss Gordon meekly entreated a small sum to extricate her from pressing difficulty, the good spinster, burying all the past in oblivion, set herself earnestly to the task of comforting and supporting the widow and fatherless; and at length received Ellie as her own child, into her own home, when Mrs. Gordon sunk to rest in the grave. Mr. Whitehead, in conversation with Miss Pamela, had recently begun to hint very strongly about the valuable qualities of Mr. Samuel, and the good for-nothing character of his half brother—a proceeding which always set Miss Pamela in a blaze of indignation, while her appeals to Ellie brought a corresponding color into that young lady's cheeks.

"I wonder what that old miser has taken in his head now?" thought Miss Pamela, as on one occasion of the kind she watched his retreating figure; "he looks wonderfully bent and withered of late; he cannot last much longer. I hope he'll leave a legacy to poor Ellie, for her mother's sake. Ah, he was very fond of Mary Scrope. Who ever would believe such a being as he appears now, could ever have played the fool, and raved when she married poor Ned! Ellie is very like her mother, full of life and animation. Bless her, she's a good dear girl. I don't know what I should do without her. She's a clever-spirited puss, too, and after my own heart!"

Some months subsequent to this period, Mrs. Scrope and her younger son sat sipping their breakfast coffee, and munching hot rolls, Sam's head being swaddled in flannel for the rheumatism; when the former, after a pause, pursued the tenor of their conversation, by saying in a half hesitating tone: "After all, Sam, my dear, it's as nice a letter as one could expect from Miss Pamela Gordon; she has always been considered a most extraordinary person, out-of the-way thing, and not sticking at trifles.—I confess, I don't quite understand the calm sweet tenor of her polite epistle; and I feel almost as if I stood on the brink of some powder magazine with a lighted candle in my hand. But that must be all my extreme nervousness; because you see, Sam, there is nothing to occasion misgiving, and all is fair and above ground. We have asked your cousin Elspeth here, as in duty bound—she is coming as a matter of course; and as a matter of course you will receive her. Let me see"—counting with her fingers—"Elspeth Gordon is just twenty—a year younger than you, Sam, my dear, and some five months; and Mary Scrope that was, has been dead about twelve years. Mary was a handsome, spirited girl."

"Oh! Whitehead must have been very fond of her to make such a will," broke in Sam, with his mouth full and his face very red. "I'm sure, mother, I'd much rather remain single than be married—that I would; I know a wife will only bother me, and I shall be taking these eternal colds dancing after her—girls are so tiresome."

"How do you know girls are tiresome, Sam?" asked his mother sharply.

"Why, mother," responded Sam, looking rather sheepish, "I've heard you say so scores of times."

"Well, well, my dear, never mind," responded Mrs. Scrope soothingly. "I dare say Elspeth Gordon is a discreet maiden, though Mr. Whitehead spoke of her as being a gay, laughing lass; and, to do her justice, Miss Pamela is a clever woman, and has brought up the young miss well, no doubt, and trained her to obedience and respect of her elders. I'll be bound she'll come here all blushes and tremors at her own rare good luck!" and Mrs. Scrope paused, as a kind of jealous pang shot through her maternal heart. Sam remained silent; his white flabby face and half closed eyes affording no index as to the nature of his ruminations. Unaccustomed to the society of strangers, it may be supposed that Mrs. Scrope and Sam felt a little nervous at the expected visit of a well-bred young lady, placed in such extremely delicate and peculiar circumstances towards themselves, as Elspeth Gordon was. Mr. Whitehead had departed to another world, after only a few days illness, soon after his last visit to Miss Pamela Gordon; bequeathing the whole of his large fortune, without any deduction whatever, to Samuel Scrope, of Scrope Hall, on condition of said Samuel Scrope marrying Elspeth Gordon, daughter of the late Captain Gordon, and Mary his wife; the said marriage to take place within twelve months after the testator's decease. In the event of the said Samuel Scrope refusing to ratify the said condition, and rejecting the lady, he forfeited the fortune which then became Elspeth Gordon's. But if the lady rejected the gentlemen, why then of course *vice versa*. Moreover, Mr. Whitehead had provided for every contingency. If the couple, by mutual consent, refused to fulfil the stipulated conditions, the many scores of thousands went to enrich various charities, almost unheard of even by the most philanthropic. As to Elspeth Gordon refusing Sam, that was a thing Mr. Whitehead never dreamed of; a penniless girl like the daughter of his lost Mary to cast fortune away—nay, two fortunes—was unheard of in the annals of romantic folly. So he secured her, as he considered, an excellent husband and a luxurious home. Then the idea of Samuel Scrope, prudent and money-loving as he was known to be, refusing a pretty girl and a still prettier *douceur*, for any whim short of insanity, was far too wild and improbable a conjecture to gain footing in Mr. Whitehead's calculations. Sam, unimpassioned and cold as he was, would hardly reject a fine, lively, good-tempered young creature, by marrying whom he would insure to himself the possession of nearly £40,000.

Elspeth Gordon had received an invitation to Scrope Hall, for the purpose of being introduced to her cousin; and Miss Pamela, to Mrs. Scrope's astonishment, had herself written to accept it in Ellie's name, at the same time wishing good-speed to the wooing!

The eventful day arrived; Sam had thrown aside his flannel wraps, and arrayed in a bright new coat, with well-oiled hair, was surveyed by his admiring mother, with looks of unmitigated admiration.

"O mother," he said, "I am all in a fluster; I don't know what to say to her."

"I dare to say she is more in a fluster than you, Sam, my dear; so let that comfort you. She won't meet your eyes, depend upon it; girls are always shy on such trying occasions as these."

So endeavoring to rally her son's spirits, and to support his drooping courage, Mrs. Scrope remarked that she every moment expected to hear the sound of carriage-wheels approaching, as it was rather beyond the hour fixed for the arrival of their guest.—The sound of a riding-whip was heard in the hall, the door of the apartment was flung open, and a lady attired in a riding costume, rapidly entered, exclaiming: "down, Juno! down Peto!" as two huge dogs leaped about her, creating confusion and dismay in all the beholders, for if Mrs. Scrope and Sam hated one thing more than another, it was a dog.

With dismay and surprise painted on her countenance, Mrs. Scrope, turning to the domestics, said in a hasty tone: "Turn them out! turn out those troublesome creatures immediately!" But Miss Elspeth Gordon—for it was she—peremptorily exclaimed: "I should strongly advise nobody to meddle with my dogs; they are savage, and will bite strangers, unless left alone, and never obey any one except me and Tom." Shrinking from contact with the unruly animals, and in the utmost consternation, Mrs. Scrope surveyed her young visitor. A tall, finely-formed, though slender figure, was set off by a tightly-fitting habit; while a pair of green spectacles, of antiquated make, aided by a slouching hat, concealed the upper portion of the stranger's face. The mouth, however, displayed a set of dazzling white teeth, although the voice proceeding from that mouth uttered wonderful things for a timid young lady, but with a remarkably soft and musical modulation. Turning suddenly around towards Sam, who had retreated to the further end of the room, the owner of the green specs, regarding him fixedly for a few moments, advanced with extended hand, saying: "We won't wait for a formal introduction, Cousin Samuel, will we? Come, don't be shy; shake hands and be friends. Now Juno, now Peto—here, let me introduce you to your new master."

But poor Sam was desperately afraid of large dogs and he looked so scared and miserable, that the gay lady indulged in an immoderate fit of laughter, which she vainly endeavored to control. Recovering herself with difficulty, she said with much suavity and gentleness: "You'll get used to them in time, Cousin Sam; I cannot live without them!"

"And how did you come, my dear?" said Mrs. Scrope, willing to get away from the subject.—"Sam and I were listening for the sound of carriage-wheels, on the avenue, but we heard none."

"Carriage-wheels, indeed!" cried Ellie Gordon contemptuously, and flourishing her whip; "as if I should come to see my intended in so stupid a fashion. Not I, indeed. I rode over on Vixen, my beautiful mare, with Tom at my heels, and Juno and Peto for company!" With uplifted hands and eyes, Mrs. Scrope repeated the words: "Rode over on Vixen! Why, it is a good eighty mile from hence to Miss Pamela's and you rode over on horseback!"

"To be sure! what of that? Forty miles a day; and slept last night at the Ellistons. Bob and James Elliston rode part of the way with me to-day, but I didn't want them, even through Hanging Wood; for look here, ma'am, never I travel without these: you and I will have a practice, Sam;" and so saying, the young lady drew forth from a concealed pocket a pair of small elegantly finished pistols, pointing one in Sam's face. He recoiled, saying in a scarcely audible voice: "I hope, miss, they're not loaded?"

"Why, Sam, what would be the use of pistols if they were not loaded?" replied she, smilling; and adding in an under-tone "except to frighten fools with."

"I think, my dear," said Mrs. Scrope, coming between the pair, and gently turning aside the hand which grasped the offensive weapon, "that you had better lay them aside now, with your travelling dress: there are no robbers or ruffians here to molest you."

"Thank you, ma'am—thank you," quickly replied Ellie: "I prefer wearing my habit; and if you've no objection, I'll return these pretty dears to my pocket"—replacing the pistols—"it's all use, you know—all use."

Mrs. Scrope roused to something like self-possession, now replied with dignity: "It is unusual for a young lady to carry fire-arms, and to wear a riding-dress in a drawing-room. Has Miss Pamela Gordon countenanced such proceedings"——

"La, my dear old soul!" interrupted Ellie, laughing good-humoredly, "Miss Pamela and I think alike in all respects. You don't think I'd disobey her, do you? She told me to come here, and here I am. She told me to ride over on Vixen, and so I did. She told me to take the dogs for company,—and they followed me. She told me to put the pistols in my pocket for protection, and here they are. She told me that I mustn't refuse to marry Cousin Sam, and I don't mean to. And so, if Cousin Sam will take me 'for better for worse,' here I am—all meekness and obedience! La! Mrs. Scrope, you don't know what a girl I am, and how I've been brought up. I mean to turn Scrope Hall out of windows when we are married. Did you ever follow the hounds, Sam? it's such fun!" Sam faintly said "No," retreating further and further, pursued by the young lady, her dogs having quietly stretched themselves on the rug. At length matters reached their climax; for Miss Elspeth Gordon, pulling off her gloves, placed one lily hand on Sam's shoulder, and with the other began patting his fat white cheeks, saying in a coaxing tone; "Ducky mustn't be frightened. Ducky will learn to leap a five barrel, won't he? and to ride steeplechase, won't he, to please Ellie?"

Blushing scarlet, Sam eluded her gentle touch, and rushed from the room, while Mrs. Scrope, bewildered and miserable, persuaded her singular guest to adjourn to the chamber prepared for her reception. She re-issued thence in the same attire, merely having cast aside her slouched hat, and substituted a velvet cap of conical form in its stead, beneath which her hair was not visible, while the green spectacles rested on her nose as before. After the repast was over (a repast most uncomfortable to Mrs. Scrope and Sam, who scarcely tasted food or uttered a syllable, the young lady talking incessantly all the time about horses, dogs, fire-arms, her own wonderful feats, and what she would do when she became her own mistress,) Ellie took out a segar-case and handed it to Sam, inquiring indifferently, "Do you smoke?" Too much astonished and embarrassed to reply, the young man looked at his mother, who with grave looks answered for her son; "No, miss, Sam doesn't smoke; and allow me to say, it is remarkable to see a lady carrying and offering such things as those."

"La! ma'am!" Aunt Pamela said to me; "Don't forget your cigar-case, Ellie," replied the guest with simplicity; "and so you see I didn't forget it."

"I don't allow smoking on my premises, Miss," said Mrs. Scrope authoritatively.

"Well, well, ma'am, don't put yourself in a passion," rejoined Ellie sweetly; "I'll wait till they are mine, and then see if I don't smoke you out! Ha, ha, ha! But perhaps cousin Sam is a snuff-taker," handing the wretched Sam a unique gold box full of "Prince's mixture."

"No, Miss, my son does nothing of the kind," replied Mrs. Scrope, she alone being the speaker—Sam's heart was too full for speech—"and allow me to remark, that snuff-taking is another singular habit for a young lady."

"La! ma'am," responded Ellie, smiling imperturbably—"Miss Pamela said to me; 'Don't forget your snuff box, Ellie,' and as you see I didn't forget it. I'll teach Sam to snuff famously when he's my husband. Won't we snuff and smoke, Sam? Are you fond of home-brewed, Sam? You should see our groom Tom drink it."

"You're a water-drinker, I observed, miss," said Mrs. Scrope stiffly, by way of saying something.

Elspeth looked very sly, and smacking her pretty lips, replied; "Ah, I aint thirsty to day! you should see me sometimes!".

"And this is the young lady of Miss Pamela Gordon's bringing up!" said Mrs. Scrope, when she retired for the night, tears of vexation ready to start from her eyes; "this is a wife for my poor Sam.—She'll marry him per force; I see she will, she's so desperately in love with him already. They say opposites often fancy each other in this way; but if she had a million, instead of only forty thousand pounds, she'd never do for Sam. I see her eyes sparkle through those green glasses; she'll smoke me out—O to be sure!"

Mrs. Scrope, in the habit of thinking aloud, did not remark that her maid Martha loitered in the room, as if desirous of speaking out something which burdened her mind; and unable to keep it any longer, the hand maid broke in with; "O missis, 'xcuse me, but Tom, Miss Gordon's groom, as come with her, says—at least he hints, which is much the same—that Miss Ellie won't never do for Master Samuel. She's a regular lass of spirit, he says, and he means more than he says. And he says outright, with such a broad grin on his red face, that if Miss Ellie ever marries Mister Sam, she'll horsewhip him to a dead certainty, and turn the old one out of doors. Yes, ma'am, she calls you 'the old one!'"

"Alas!" thought Mrs. Scrope, as she laid her head that night on a restless pillow, "what is to be done? There is near forty thousand pounds at stake. What could Mr. Whitehead mean by making such a will? and knowing this odious miss too!"

For one whole week did Mrs. Elspeth Gordon turn Scrope Hall completely topsy-turvy; never was such a din and racket heard; the servants grinned, and ran hither and thither, and Mrs. Scrope was nearly out of her mind with fright and vexation.—Miss Elspeth also made such desperate love to Sam, that Sam flattered and bewildered, was inveigled out on a wet day to walk with the Amazon through the woods; and following her steps through brake and briar, fairly stuck in a dismal swamp, got soaked to the skin, and took to his bed at once, putting his nose out of the blankets only to ask "if that Jezebel had gone."

"No my dear," said his anxious mother, "your Cousin Elspeth is not gone yet; she wants to see you."

"To see me!" cried Sam. "What! would she follow me even into my sick chamber, impudent hussy? I'll never see her again, mother; you may tell her so—she'll kill me: tell her to begone. Oh—oh—what a twinge! I wish she had it, the Jezebel! And she laughed at me too. I'll never forgive that."

"But the forty thousand, Sam," said Mrs. Scrope, sighing deeply; "think of that Sam."

"I do think of that, mother," said the miserable Sam, "and it almost breaks my heart, it does, to give it up. I wish she'd give me up; I wish with all my heart that she had taken a dislike to me."

"Ah, my darling," said the fond mother, "you cannot wonder that she does not do that. The mortification will be severe enough when she has to return to that precious Miss Pamela with the tidings that you have refused her. But, after all, she may improve, Sam, dear, and perhaps it is worth while to try; for though you possess forty thousand pounds of your own, it would be very convenient to have as much more."

"Mother," replied Sam Solemnly, "if you wish to see me in my grave, you'll marry me to this dreadful woman. Tom Hicks, Miss Pamela's groom, a most respectable man, has lived with Miss Pamela these twenty years, and whose wife is cook there. Tom Hicks told me that if ever Miss Ellie Gordon was my wife, he'd not give a brass farthing for my life. 'If she marries you, sir, she'll worry you to death in a year; if you marry her, sir, you'll get a'——. But Tom Hicks, did'nt say what, though I guess he meant a Tartar! No, mother, my mind's made up; I'll have nothing to do with her, and you may tell her so at once. She laughs so wildly, too, I declare I'm ever skeerie like when I hear it. Let her go! let her go!—and well rid of her at any cost."

"Do you really mean to tell me, ma'am, that Mr. Samuel Scrope, of Scrope Hall, absolutely refuses to marry me?" cried Miss Elspeth Gordon, in a voice of high indignation: "I'll not give him up so easily—no, that I won't," and the voice rose to a hysterical sob and laugh.

"Calm yourself, pray, miss," replied Mrs. Scrope with severity, she did not care about keeping on terms now the chance had gone—"calm yourself, pray. My son's mind is quite made up; and allow me to say that the sooner you return to the protection of Miss Pamela Gordon, the better, as we desire a quiet house, now my poor son is so ill—an illness, miss, entirely brought on by your extremely improper and indelicate proceedings."

"I'll tell Aunt Pam!" whimpered the young lady taking out her cambric handkerchief. "I'm badly used by cousin Sam—that I am. You ask me here to marry me to him; and now I've come, you send me off again, just because Cousin Sam don't like my green specs."

"No, miss; you well know that is not the reason why my son Sam rejects the honor of your alliance," responded Mrs. Scrope, bridling up and getting very red in the face; "and if you had ten thousand times forty thousand pounds in your hand to offer him for marrying you, he'd refuse the bribe, Miss." Mrs. Scrope spoke very loud. "My son, Samuel Scrope, will never marry, for the sake of lucre only, a smoking, snuffing, horse-whipping, dog-baiting"—

"Go on, ma'am—go on with your peroration," sobbed the young lady, with her handkerchief at her face. "I'm very badly used—that I am; and I cannot face Aunt Pamela, and tell her all this.—She'll never believe it, unless Cousin Sam writes her a letter all in form, to say he won't marry me. I cannot tell her myself, ma'am—indeed I cannot," and Miss Ellie began to blubber violently.

"Well, I'm sure if you'll go away in peace, miss, my son shall write the letter at once, and communicate, in formal terms, his rejection of your hand," interrupted Mrs. Scrope only too glad to clear her house on any terms.

"I'll go when you give me a letter—but won't you let me see Sam?" said the green-spectacled damsel, in whoedling tone, sidling up to Mrs. Scrope, with her conical cap vibrating from some inward emotion. "Give my love to cousin then; and if I may not see him, tell the dear fellow that I'll be a sister to him in heart, if he refuses me for a wife."

"Indeed I'll tell him no such thing, miss," said Mrs. Scrope with asperity; "she'd rather not have you in either character. You've half killed him; and the mischief your two dogs have done is incalculable. You shall have the letter in half an hour; so please to be in readiness for departure, miss, if it quite suits your convenience. Excuse my want of ceremony; but a sick house, miss, must plead for a mother's want of time; so I bid you a very good morning, and I wish you a very pleasant journey, miss; and, pray, present my compliments and Sam's compliments to Miss Pamela Gordon." As the incensed lady hurried out of the room, and upstairs to her son's apartment, what a wild cry laugh rang in her ears! What could it be? It was doubtless the Jezebel in hysterics; and Mrs. Scrope hastened her steps in a fright.

Mounted on Vixen, prancing and curveting down the avenue, and attended by Tom, with Juno and Peto bounding and frisking for joy, Miss Elspeth Gordon, provided with the letter, turned her head and waved an adieu to Scrope Hall; and as the little cavalcade receded in the distance, again the same clear wild laugh floated past on the morning breeze.

It was not very long after these events, when Mrs. Scrope—who had never ceased to lament the loss of Mr. Whitehead's fortune, even going the great length of upbraiding Sam for having been too premature in rejecting the young lady—was informed by her elder son in person, of his approaching marriage with miss Elspeth Gordon. Mrs. Scrope was of course delighted to hear that the money, after all, was not going out of the family; but concluded her remarks by saying: "Well, Frank, I'm sure I wish you joy of your bargain; forty thousand pounds is not to be sneezed at, as I told Sam.—However, you have fine health and spirits, and may be able to manage her; but mind, I shan't be in the least astonished to hear that your bride has horse-whipped you before the honeymoon is over!"

"Never mind, mother," cried Frank, gaily laughing; "if she horsewhips *me*, I'll flog *her* soundly I promise you. I hope you'll come and see us soon, and bring Sam with you. I'll promise that Ellie shall behave herself."

To Mrs. Scrope's dying day, she never could comprehend by what means her son Frank Eardley had wrought so wonderful a change in his wife; and even Sam, who always remained a bachelor, was heard to declare, that if he could meet with an exact counterpart of Frank's wife, he too would marry.

"But who could guess," said Sam, "that matrimony would transform a mad woman in odious green spectacles and a sugar-loaf cap, into a mild, pretty, kind creature, who never laughs at a fellow because he's got a cold or a face ache!"

☞ Remember, ye who ridicule a young man for his parsimony, and stigmatize him as "small," that by and by he can afford to be generous when you have nothing to give.

☞ The word piety occurs but once in the Bible. Although the thing is enjoined or understood on almost every page, the name is not mentioned. Inversely with us, the name is more frequent than the thing.—*Christian Inquirer.*

☞ A priest of a Roman Catholic Church called at the office of the *National Intelligencer* Washington, on Saturday last, and handed in thirty dollars in gold, which he states had been delivered by a person in the confessional to be disposed of as above mentioned. The editor of the Intelligencer can remember no transaction which promted the unknown sender of the money to this act of conscience.

Political and General News.

The Naval Force of the United States.

The Navy register for the current year has just been issued. From it we learn that our naval force is made up as follows:

Eleven ships of the line, carrying eight hundred and sixty guns. Of these, three are in commission as receiving ships, three in ordinary, four on the stocks, and one preparing for sea. The Independence, a razee, carrying fifty-four guns, is also preparing for sea.

Twelve frigates of the first and one of the second class, carrying five hundred and sixty-four guns.—Of these, five are in commission, four in ordinary, two on the stocks, and two preparing for sea.

Twenty-one sloops-of-war, carrying four hundred and two guns. Of these, fifteen are in commission, one in ordinary, and five preparing for sea.

Four brigs, carrying forty guns. Of these, three are in commission, and one preparing for sea. Also, four schooners, carrying seven guns; two of which are in commission, one in ordinary, and one preparing for sea.

Five steam frigates carrying forty guns, all in commission; four steamers of the first class, carrying eighteen guns, two of which are in commission, one repairing, and one preparing for sea; and seven steamers less than first class, carrying five guns, three of which are in commission, two preparing for sea, and two employed as tenders.

Five store-ships carrying twenty-four guns, three of them are in commission, and one preparing for sea.

This gives a total of seventy-five vessels of all kinds, carrying two thousand and fourteen guns.

The officers of the navy are as follows; sixty-eight captains, ninety-seven commanders, three hundred and twenty-seven lieutenants, sixty-nine surgeons, forty passed assistant surgeons, thirty-seven assistant surgeons, sixty-three pursers, fourteen masters, in the line of promotion; one hundred and ninety-eight midshipmen.

In the marine corps there are one colonel commandant, one lieutenant colonel, four majors, fifteen captains, twenty-first and twenty second lieutenants.

In the engineer corps, one engineer-in-chief, seven naval conductors, thirteen chief engineers, eighteen first-assistant engineers, and thirty-four second assistant engineers.

The active force is divided into six squadrons, as follows:

The home squadron, commanded by Commodore Newton, consisting of the Columbia, Saranac, Albany, and Cyane, carrying ninety guns.

The Pacific squadron, commanded by Commodore Dulancey, consisting of the St. Lawrence, Portsmouth, Warren, and Southampton, carrying eighty-eight guns.

The Mediterranean squadron, commanded by Commodore Stringham, consisting of the Cumberland, San Jacinto, Levant, and St. Louis, carrying ninety guns.

The Brazil squadron, commanded by Commodore McKeever, consisting of the Congress, Savannah, Jamestown, and Relief, carrying one hundred and fourteen guns.

The African squadron, commanded by Commodore Lavalette, consisting of the Constitution, Germantown, John Adams, Dale, Marion, Bainbridge, Perry, and Vixen, carrying one hundred and thirty-nine guns.

The East India squadron, Commodore Perry, consisting of the Vermont, Mississippi, Susquehannah, Powhatan, Macedonian, Plymouth, Vandalia, Saratoga, and Supply, carrying one hundred and eighty six guns.

The steamer Michigan with one gun is on the lakes; the Dolphin, with ten guns, is on special service; the Vincennes, John Hancock, and Porpoise, carrying thirty-three guns, have been detailed for a surveying expedition in the North Pacific, and the Water Witch for the exploration of the La Plata.

Vice President King.

We are enabled to announce, on a perfectly reliable authority, a great improvement in the health of the Hon. William R. King, since his sojourn in the Island of Cuba. George R. Jones, Esq., the gentleman commissioned to notify Colonel King of his election as Vice President of the United States, parted with him on Monday evening last. He is sojourning on the estate of Jenks, in the vicinity of Manzanzas. So rapidly has he gained in strength that he walks twice during the day to the place at which the process of boiling the cane is carried on, for the purpose of inhaling the vapor. He manifests a hopeful spirit, which itself is an auspicious indication of improving health. It is not simply the vain wish of an admiring country that the venerable statesman may yet return to the post to which his presence would lend grace and dignity—the intelligence brought by Mr. Jones justifies the expectation.

To Mr. Jones we are indebted for intelligence of the fact that the Havana mails intended for the Empire City and Crescent City were intercepted by the police, opened and examined, on a suspicion of inflamatory correspondence. Mr. Jones brings despatches to the government from the American consul probably in relation to this matter. Mr. Jones came in the Isabel, by way of Charleston.—*Washington Union.*

Odd Talk for a Whig.—The Boston Traveler, whose editor is a whig, uses the following language: "The Cuban plot thickens. Every day reminds us that a hot-bed process is going on which must speedily ripen the fruit that, according to the prediction of political sages, is sure to fall, when it is ripe, into our capacious lap. We can have no sort of intercourse with the devoted Island, but that we are certain to be insulted. Our ships are fired at continually with as much coolness and impunity as if we were in Iceland. Filibusters and buccaneers; and our Vice President elect is insulted, or treated cavalierly by the highest authorities of the island; and as if these indignities were not enough to exhaust the patience of Young America, it now appears that those saucy Spanish pirates have again been picking upon the most abused steamer, the Crescent City. Is there anything left for Cuba to do, to authorize Jonathan to take her right to Washington, annex her to his family, and henceforth keep her under his own watch and care?"

Spirit Rapping Robbery.—A farmer residing on Long Island, near Brooklyn, and possessed of considerable property, having his interest excited by the reports of the doings of the mediums, resolved to make himself acquainted with the mysteries, and proceeded to the city of Pittsburgh, where he was introduced to a professed medium, named Mrs. French, whom after a short acquaintance, he invited to visit him and his family on Long Island; and from that time (some two years ago) up to within a recent date she has been a constant visitor at the farmer's house, where she was treated as one of the family. A few weeks since, however, she arrived in the city of New York, and took rooms in the Irving House, where she was accompanied by a stranger, who, she informed the farmer upon visiting her, was about writing an interesting legend of the spirit land, she furnishing the materials and matter. The ultimate effect of his spiritual intercourse with the medium was to unbalance his mind, and deprive him of the proper use of his reasoning faculties.—The medium took advantage of the poor man's insanity, and induced him to adopt her as his daughter, and finally to make over to her nearly his entire property. By threats of violence he compelled his gentle partner to make an assignment of her interest in his affairs to him; after which he proceeded to convert his effects into cash—which amounted to about $13,000 in all—and this he immediately paid over to the medium at the Irving House, upon which the latter took *French* leave and departed, going, it is reported, back to the city of Pittsburgh. Having made frequent attempts at suicide, his friends had him arrested and conveyed to the New York Lunatic Asylum, where he now remains a confirmed lunatic. A telegraphic dispatch has been sent on to Pittsburgh for the arrest of the medium. The victim of the conspiracy is the father of two daughters, and has many respectable relatives and connections in Brooklyn.

One Cent a Mile Railroad Fare.—The New York State Engineer and Surveyor, McAlpine, in his report to the Legislature of New York, in 1853, says: "An important fact is also established, which up to this time had been doubted by most men of observant with railroad transports, which is, that passengers *can be transported at an expense of less than one cent per mile.* This result is obtained as a rule, when the average loads are 90 passengers each mile run."

Spring Business and Advertising.

The Boston *Journal* says, "now that the Spring business has commenced, it is time to advertise in the newspapers. Those of our business men who neglect to do this are most surely the losers, no matter how much business they may now be doing; even if they are as well satisfied with their prospects as man ever is, they will eventually lose ground if they do not advertise. Others, not so well satisfied with their prospects—those who have a business to build up—seize upon the columns of the newspapers, and tell the whole world of buyers that they too have goods to sell at taking prices. The customers, too, have begun to think those who advertise can afford to sell cheapest—that they are "*live traders*," and if they do nothing more the first time, they will at least examine the goods offered before buying elsewhere. Thus those who do not advertise what they are doing and what they can do, gradually lose their custom, to the gain of the more enterprising in the same line of business.—But everybody *does* advertise in a greater or less degree in some shape or other—by cards, by circulars, by drumming, by sign board-, by a handsome display of goods in their windows, or in some other way. They *must* take some method to tell people what they have to sell. But they take a great deal of pains and go to great expense, and do anything and everything to increase the number of their customers, but the very way which is the easiest, most direct, most effectual, and altogether the cheapest, viz: *by telling their story in the columns of a widely circulated newspaper.* Is it not so? Think for one moment of the vast influence of the daily press; remember that if you wish to carry forward any great project—build a railroad, get up an opera house company, build a hotel, start a bank or insurance office—the very man you run to for aid is the editor of a daily newspaper. You wish to tell the public of your project, and at once the editor is the man to do it for you. This is advertising. It is not always *paid for*, but it is a short cut to the accomplishment of the object in view.

"Very well, from all this the conclusion is inevitable that *publicity* is the only means by which those who has goods to sell find customers for them. If it is good to tell a hundred persons that you can give them good bargains it is much better to tell a thousand, and so on to the end of a chapter. The newspaper is the means to be used for this purpose. It goes everywhere, and tells your story to thousands at the same moment. It is to the business man *better than capital*, for it brings him customers, which capital will not do. It is really the "*poor man's capital*," and when coupled with enterprise and activity, honesty and determination, is better than gold for a foundation. When all are combined there is no such result as fail. We know very well that it is the habit of some who undervalue advertising. Articles like this are too often set down as but the arguments of an interested party, and are passed over without thought. This is not, however, always the case. There are those who study every way and use every means to give publicity to their business; and—mark the statement—they will always be found among the most enterprising and successful of our business men. One word of advice in conclusion: *If you have goods to sell,* TELL OF IT!"

☞ A correspondent of the New York Express, writes as follows of Parisian gaiety:

I *see more* gay and costly turn-outs here in one day than there are in the whole state of New York. Every thing wears a tone of imperial elegance and grandeur. The city is full of noble and wealthy foreigners, consequently the prices of everything nameable and unnameable are seriously expensive. Chambers that I could have had $25 a month, in 1848, now cost from $75 to $100; and everything in proportion—clothing, equippage, horse and carriage hire, service, eating and drinking, have all been raised to the London standard; so that a dollar will go as far in New York as three dollars will here. I have never before seen so many good horses as I have seen in Paris within the past two days.—The average price of a carriage or riding horse is one thousand dollars, and they are being brought in great droves from London weekly.

The Dinner at the White House.—The New York *Herald's* Correspondent, in a letter dated, Washington, March 1st, says: "The dinner yesterday, at the White House, was given to General Pierce. President Fillmore was at the head of the table, with Gen. Pierce at his right and Gen. Scott at his left. Secretary Everett was seated opposite to Gov. Marcy, and Attorney General Crittenden opposite to General Cushing, with the rest of the old and new cabinet intermixed, together with Gen. Cass, Gen Joe. Lane, Pierre Soule, and other members of both houses. Young Fillmore and Sidney Webster sat side by side, and such a harmonious spectacle of diverse political elements was never known in the White House before. Gen. Scott and Gov. Marcy were especially fraternizing and agreeable. The hasty plate of soup was forgotten in the sparkling champagne. It was nice."

The Granite State Speaks Again—By reading the annexed extract it will be seen that the Democrats have achieved another glorious victory in this State:

At the election held in New Hampshire on Tuesday last, the Democrats carried their nominee for Governor—Noah Martin—by double last year's majority. They have also elected all three of their candidates for Congress, defeating Amos Tuck in the First District by a handsome majority. He was supported by the Whigs and Free Soilers.—There will be a largely increased Democratic majority in the House from last year. The Council will be unanimously Democratic, and probably ten of the twelve Senators are Democratic. Abolitionism is dead. Col. John H. George, who succeeds Gen. Pierce in the law business, is one of the representatives chosen.—Kittredge's (Democratic) majority in the First Congressional District will be from 1,000 to 1,500 over Tuck. Martin's majority will range from 5,000 to 6,000; last year it was 1,100. Glorious New Hampshire.

Honesty Turned Up.—We learn from Prof. Anderson, at present in Charleston, that he has received a letter from Louis Napoleon, Emperor of the French inclosing a check for £30, which he borrowed some years since of the Professor in London, accompanied with a present of a diamond ring (interest we suppose) with an invitation to visit Paris. This will be cheering news to all who were the Emperor's creditors, in the times that tried *his* soul.—*Evening Mirror.*

☞ A revolutionary soldier, aged 104 years, arrived in Cincinnati a few days ago, from a visit to his friends out West, and was on his return home to Richmond, Va. He is said to be remarkably active, and has never been sick but once in his life.—The Cincinnati *Times* says that during the revolution he fought in all the principal battles in North and South Carolina. He lost an eye at the battle of Cowpens, under Gen. Morgan, and received two wounds at the battle of Brandywine, under Washington and Lafayette. He was at the battles of Trenton and Princeton, where the brave Col. Mercer was shot. He saw Gen. Warren fall at Bunker Hill, while cheering on his troops to victory; and to sum up, he fought in sixteen battles, in New York and Vermont, under Generals Gates and Arnold.

Unprecedented Fall of Snow.—The fall of snow which occurred at Syracuse on the morning of the 3d inst., deserves a special notice. It commenced at 3 o'clock in the morning, and at 7 o'clk. two feet of snow had accumulated—being at the rate of six inches per hour! We do not believe the *records* of meteorology will furnish any parallel to this. Syracuse seems to have been in the centre of this extraordinary snow deposit. At Geneva, 50 miles west, and at Utica, 50 miles east, but from two to four inches fell. Twenty miles north of Syracuse there was about 15 inches, and at Rochester but a mere sprinkle. During the four hours in which the snow fell thickest, it was unaccompanied by wind; but in the course of the day more snow fell, and was considerably drifted.

☞ Getting Afraid of American Influence.—An *arrete* just issued from the Ministry of the Interior, informs all the Austrians disposed to emigrate to the United States that, except under very special circumstances, they will not be allowed to return, but will be considered to have lost irrecoverably their rights of domicil. All ministers are cautioned against the return of such emigrants by improper ways, and the frontier police are enjoined to keep a sharper look out than ever.

Erie Weekly Observer.

ERIE, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1853.

☞ We are under repeated obligations to our members of the legislature for favors, and particularly so for the daily Legislative summary which they have been so kind as to furnish us.

J. B. Johnson's Letter.

In the absence of the Editor, we shall not attempt to answer Mr. Johnson's three columns of wrath poured out upon his head, through the columns of the Erie *Gazette*, but leave for him to do as he may see fit in the matter. The charge of being a "hireling" or of bribery never comes from a man who is not himself in the market. It is a charge made by Mr. Johnson upon the publishers of the *Observer*, and is only noticed here to prove the truth of the general rule stated above. *It is known* by persons in this city how he come to be the Attorney for the Western Railroad and *how much he cost.* The least said about "bribery" or "hireling" on his part will be the best for him.

☞ Travelers remark the absence of freshness and health in the countenances of American ladies, and very justly attribute it to a want of exercise, and exposure in the open air. Many Ladies and Gentlemen are deterred by the appearance of roughness out of door work gives the hands, but we are assured that by wearing India Rubber Gloves, (advertised in another column) they are not only protected, but made soft and white.

Melancholy Occurrence.—We are pained to learn that a boy twelve years old, son of Mr. Jas. More of of Wattsburgh was killed in that place on the 7th inst., by the upsetting of a sled loaded with boys. One of the boys fell upon him and injured him so that he expired in about two hours and a-half afterwards. Every day proves the uncertainties of life and upon what a slender thread it hangs. The catastrophe is truly a lamentable one for the family and friends of the deceased.

☞ The statements in the last *Gazette*, with regard to the acts of the late Mayor and City Councils are unworthy of an attempt at correction or explanation by us.—They are as false as they are infamous, a sufficient proof of which is that the Editor of the *Gazette* hardly endorses them, and the persons making them are afraid or ashamed to let themselves be know as their authors.

Sunbury and Erie Railroad.

In the *Pennsylvanian* of the 14th inst, we find the proceedings of the county meeting held at the Chinese Museum in Philadelphia on Saturday evening last with reference to the subscription of $2,000,000 by the county of Philadelphia to the above road. The meeting was large and enthusiastic, and after it had been addressed by Judge Kelly, Capt. F. R. Scott, Hon. Richard Vaux, and others, who warmly and earnestly advocated the claims of the road upon the citizens of the county.—The following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the immediate commencement and early completion of the Sunbury and Erie railroad would add greatly to the prosperity of the city and county of Philadelphia.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the meeting, that in order to secure so great an object, the Commissioners of the County of Philadelphia should forthwith subscribe for twenty thousand shares of the stock of said Company, payable with the bonds of the county.

Resolved, That by such subscriptions the taxes of the county will be in no way whatever increased, while on the other hand the real estate of the county will be greatly enhanced in value, the commercial prosperity of Philadelphia be largely promoted, and the demand for labor and the produce of mechanical skill be greatly increased.

Resolved, That the thanks of this community are due to the County Commissioners for the prompt expression of their willingness to aid this great enterprise by subscribing to its stock. In so doing, they have but expressed the wishes of a vast majority of their constituents, who desire this great road to be urged to a speedy completion, and who are ready to endorse and approve the action of the County Commissioners in the premises.

The large hall of the Chinese Museum was uncomfortably filled, there being from 1,500 to 2,000 persons present. The several speakers were rapturously applauded in their remarks, and a host of others disappointed owing to the lateness of the hour.

☞ A bill has passed both branches of the legislature and is now before the Governor for his signature, giving to a company the right of bringing water into the city. This bill has been got up and passed through without the knowledge of any considerable portion of the citizens of the city, and we venture to say in opposition to the wishes of four-fifths of them. We have conversed with many on the subject within the last few days and have found them, with but one exception, against the project. It is a project in part to increase the water power of Millcreek under the head of a great to supply the city, and the city will get, perhaps, what is not wanted for the use of the company.

☞ Mr. Gray proposes to teach a class, to be composed principally of Ladies in the art of writing and drawing Specimens of his work may be seen in the shop of G. Loomis. For particulars see advertisement.

☞ We last week omitted to notice the death of our respected fellow-citizen, Dr. Peter Christie, surgeon of the United States Navy. Dr. Christie was a native of Bergen county in the State of New Jersey, was ordered to Erie in 1815, and was attached to the naval station here for many years. As a citizen and professional man he was highly esteemed. He departed this life at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. J. H. Bliss, in Buffalo, on the 4th inst., at the age of 63 years. His body was interred in the Cemetery in this city. He leaves a large circle of friends who deeply regret his loss.

☞ The Claim of the Custom House Officers.—It is stated that Mr. Guthrie, the new Secretary of the Treasury, has issued an order peremptorily revoking the instructions of Mr Corwin, by which the half of a large amount of money collected since 1846, for violations of the revenue laws, in the shape of penal duties, was about to be divided among the officers of the customs at the several ports of entry. The amount proposed to be divided is about $200,000, one half of which, it is said, would have gone into the pockets of the three chief revenue officers at New York, under the administrations of Messrs. Polk, Taylor, and Fillmore. Mr. Maxwell, the present collector, would have received about $25,000;—Mr. Lawrence, $12,000; and Mr. Hone's heirs, $10,000 or $12,000. Mr. Rieg, also of New York, would have been entitled to $25,000, and his predecessor the sum of $12,000.

☞ The April No. of Graham's popular monthly is on our table and is truly a good number, equal if not superior to any heretofore published. It has been enlarged to 144 pages, this number being the second of the enlarged edition. Graham seems to be determined to keep up with the advance of the age, and his efforts should be seconded by his patrons. The work may be had at No. 9 Brown's Block, of Durlin & Sloan.

Democratic Meeting.

A meeting of the Democrats of Fairview tp., was held at the school house in Fairview village on the 4th inst., at which Jno. Stewart was elected President, *Geo. Henry* Vice President, and P. P. Glazier Secretary. After the object of the meeting had been stated, it was moved that a suitable person be named to be recommended for the appointment of Post Master in the township, and after a full vote of the meeting Mr. Henry Allison was unanimously recommended for that office, and a petition to the Post Master General setting forth the objects of the meeting and its results was drawn up and unanimously signed On motion it was,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers of the meeting and published in the Erie Democratic papers.

On motion the meeting adjourned,

Signed by the officers.

☞ A bill abolishing the death penalty was ordered to be engrossed in the Wisconsin Assembly, on the 4th inst., by a vote of 56 to 27.

☞ Hon. George Briggs, late member of Congress from New York, has been held to bail in Washington for assaulting Mr. Hubbard, late Post Master General.

THE CABINET.

The following brief notices of the members of President Pierce's Cabinet we publish for the benefit of those who have not heretofore been intimate with the history of the men of whom it is composed.

SECRETARY OF STATE—WILLIAM L. MARCY,

Is a native of Sturbridge, Worcester county, Mass., where he was born Dec. 12, 1786; consequently he is now in the 67th year of his age. He graduated at Brown University in 1808. He afterwards removed to Troy, N. Y., where he studied and commenced the practice of law, and soon took a prominent part in politics as a democrat. During the war with Great Britain, he served as a volunteer in defence of the State. In 1816 he was appointed Recorder of Troy, but was afterwards removed from office by the friends of De Witt Clinton. When the anti-Clintonians came into power, Marcy received from Governor Yates the appointment of Adjutant General, in 1821, and removed to Albany, where he has since resided. On the organization of that potent and secret association, called the Albany Regency, Mr. Marcy became one of the most trusty and confidential members and advisers of its head, Martin Van Buren. In 1823 he received from the legislature the appointment of State Comptroller, which office he held for several years. In 1829 he was appointed one of the Associate Judges of the Supreme Court of the State; but in 1831 he resigned that office in consequence of being elected United States Senator. He was in the Senate less than two years; when he resigned, being elected Governor of New York in 1832. He was twice re-elected, viz: In 1834 and '36, but on a fourth nomination, in 1838, he shared in the defeat of the democratic party, and Wm. H. Seward was elected over him. After retiring from the executive chair, Mr. Marcy principally devoted his attention to his private business, until Mr. Polk became President, in 1845.—He was then offered and accepted the office of Secretary of War, and was considered through the four years of his service one of the most influential members of Mr. Polk's cabinet. The duties of the War Department during the Mexican war were arduous, and were discharged by Mr. Marcy with energy and ability.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY—JAMES GUTHRIE,

Is a distinguished lawyer of Louisville, where he has acquired great wealth and an elevated standing in society. He has grown up with the West, and is identified in feeling and interest with the prosperity of the Valley of the Mississippi. He is known as a Union democrat, and unites to commanding talents and an intimate acquaintance with the wants and resources of the whole country, manners the most urbane and prepossessing.—He is considered a prominent leader of the Kentucky democracy, and is very popular with his party throughout the Western States. He has not been a member of Congress, but has had experience as a legislator in the Senate of Kentucky. He was President of the State Convention which formed the new Constitution of Kentucky in 1849. His friends predict for him a popular career as a cabinet officer, and an able discharge of the responsible duties of the treasury department. He is about fifty years of age, of athletic form, and very energetic habits. It should be added, that in 1837 Mr. Guthrie was urged as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court instead of Judge Catron, and on the death of Mr. Clay, in 1852, he declined the offer of Governor Powell to appoint him successor to Mr. Clay as the United States Senator.

SECRETARY OF WAR—JEFFERSON DAVIS,

Was born in Kentucky, and removed in early life to Mississippi, from whence he went to the United States Military Academy at West Point, where he graduated in June, 1828. The same year (in July) he was appointed second lieutenant of infantry in the United States army, and was made first lieutenant of dragoons in 1833 The same year he received the appointment of adjutant. In 1836, he resigned his commission in the army. He married a daughter of Gen. Taylor, and this lady died several years since. In 1844, Mr. Davis was chosen one of the Presidentitial Electors for Mississippi and voted for Polk and Dallas. The following year he was elected to Congress, and served one term as a member of the House of Representatives, excepting the time he was absent in Mexico during the war. In 1846, he was appointed colonel of the volunteer riflemen raised in Mississippi, and distinguished himself particularly at Monterey and Buena Vista.—President Polk offered him the appointment of Brigadier General in the United States Army, 1847, but he declined the honor. The same year the Legislature elected him United States Senator, when he was placed on the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, as chairman. He took an active part in important debates, particularly in advocating Southern rights, and his talents placed him in the front rank of democratic leaders. He opposed the Compromise Union measures, which were supported by his colleague, Mr. Foote, and being nominated as the State rights candidate for Governor, to run against Foote, he resigned his seat in the Senate, in 1851. He was defeated at the gubernatorial election, Foote being chosen by a majority of about one thousand. He has since remained in private life. In person, Col. Davis is of middle size, and his habits are active and energetic; his age is about 45 years, and he is considered well qualified for the War Department.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY—JAMES DOBBIN,

Is a lawyer of Fayetteville, and was elected a member of the twenty-ninth Congress, (1845—'47.) He was Speaker of the House of Commons, at the late session of the Legislature of North Carolina, and was the candidate of the Democracy for United States Senator. Mr. Dobbin was also a member of the National Convention at Baltimore, and promptly seconded the movement of the Virginia delegation in favor of the nomination of Gen. Pierce. Mr. Dobbin is in the prime of life, and of very industrious habits. In debate he is distinguished for eloquence; and his friends have every confidence in his ability to make a good successor of Graham and Kennedy in the Department of the Navy.

POSTMASTER GENERAL—JAMES CAMPBELL.

This gentleman is at present Attorney General of Pennsylvania, to which office he was appointed since the State election last fall. He had previously been a lawyer of Philadelphia, and one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in that city. In 1851, an attempt was made to elevate him to the bench of the Supreme Court of the State, the five judges of which are elected by the people of the State by general ticket. Judge Campbell was, however, defeated. He is a good lawyer and of active business habits. He is, we believe, the youngest member of the new cabinet, being about thirty-five years of age.

ATTORNEY GENERAL—CALEB CUSHING.

The career of Caleb Cushing is too well known to need repitition. He is distinguished both as a politician and scholar. He entered political life in 1825, as a representative of the "General Court" of Massachusetts, and the next year was chosen to the Senate of that state. In 1829, he went to Europe, and on his return, was again elected to the Legislature. In 1835, he was sent to Congress, and continued there eight years. He differed with his old whig friends as to the policy of President Tyler, the latter of whom nominated him to a seat in the Cabinet. The Senate rejected the nomination, but afterwards confirmed him as Commissioner to China, whither he went in 1843. After his return, he was again in 1847, elected to the Legislature, and advocated the raising of money to fit out a volunteer regiment for the Mexican War. The project failed—when Mr Cushing advanced the sum from his own pocket, and was chosen Colonel of the Regiment, and subsequently received the appointment of Brigadier from President Polk. He was not, however, engaged in any battles in Mexico. In the same year he received the Democratic nomination for Governor, but of course failed of an election. In 1850, he was again elected to the Legislature, and in the following year, appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, in which position he has acquired an enviable reputation.

Such in brief, is the character and standing of the men whom Gen. Pierce has called to his aid in the administration of the government. They are abundantly competent to the task—every way worthy to be the confidential advisers of a republican Chief Magistrate—and their selection will inspire the country with renewed confidence in the honesty, patriotism and sagacity of the new President.

LETTER FROM THE EDITOR.

Baltimore, March 14, 1853.

Such a drenching rain as came down upon the devoted streets of Erie the morning we left, is not often seen and felt even in our proverbially changeable climate; but once safely housed in the cars of the Erie and Cleveland Railroad, we laughed at the raging of the elements, and were soon whirling along upon our way towards that Mecca of all political pilgrims—Washington! The cars were jammed to suffocation, but, thanks to the power of steam, they made most excellent time, and landed us at the station of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road in ample time for the morning train. And here *en passant*, let us remark that although Cleveland and Buffalo and all their crew of hired slanderers may rant and abuse Erie for insisting on a break of gauge, whereby passengers are put to the trouble of stepping across a platform from one car to another, the arrangement at Cleveland is infinitely worse—much worse as one can imagine.—Our own adventures at this point is not singular, we presume; nevertheless we will relate it to illustrate our meaning. As soon as the cars came to a halt we hurried forth to look after baggage, but the baggage car was no where to be seen. It had vamosed; gone, but where, was the question. A "gentlemen" from one of the Hotels was calling lustily for "checks." We asked him, with one of our blandest smiles, where the baggage car had gone. Turning towards us with a face convulsed with rage, he yelled, "G—d d—n you and the baggage car both." We told him we had no objection to having the car d—d if it would learn it better manners than to run off, but as for ourself we'd rather be excused for the present. After much tribulation we found it some twenty rods from the passenger cars, and plunging into the mud we set out on a mission of discovery. Time was getting precious, but our luggage, in the present state of political affairs, was more so. We found it, however, at last, and placing it upon a dray, and giving the owner a silver whip, we dashed down towards the Pittsburgh station as fast as twenty dollars worth of horse flesh could carry us. If the present arrangement in Erie produces so much disatisfaction, what ought this Cleveland system receive? We learn the question is to be decided by the fleeced traveling public.

We found Pittsburgh deserted by the politicians; its dirty black streets, however, were yet the theatre of brisk industry and thriving trade. Every body works in Pittsburgh, hence all appear to be thriving. Railroads and their construction and effect upon the growth and prosperity of the city appeared to be the principal topic of conversation. This is emphatically a railroad age. Every one talks of railroads, and every one wishes to build them. Where it will all end, whether in general bankruptcy, or as the most sanguine predict, in universal brotherhood and prosperity, is a difficult problem to solve. Of one thing, however, we are very certain. The day is not far distant, when there will be a bitter war between these corporations and the people It will be a strife for power. Already they arrogate to themselves the right to control legislation; they swarm our State capitols with "borers," their money is distributed freely, because the results they anticipate are immense There is one ray of light ahead, however, the people are intelligent, and although they may submit to a little abridgement of their rights while a work of this character is going on, the moment it is finished it loses much of its power. This fact is illustrated by the Central Railroad A year or two ago it was all powerful in our legislative halls; now it is shorn of much of its strength—so much so, indeed, that we doubt whether it could carry a single measure, unless by log-rolling with other projects. And this system it has found to its cost will not work, so long as we have an honest and fearless Governor, like Bigler, to use the veto.

In regard to our Sunbury road, although in Harrisburg two days, we learnt but little. Speculations and reports are as contradictory as people's minds are different. An effort will be made to legalize the Western road upon its subscribing $400,000 to the Sunbury. We had the pleasure of having the bill for this purpose submitted to us for our opinion as to the probability of its giving satisfaction to the people of Erie. It provides that it shall connect with the Sunbury within the city of Erie—but the Sunbury shall go to the Harbor east of Frank's street—that the Western road shall not discriminate either in carrying freight or passengers in favor of any other road—that it shall pay a tax of ten cents on each passenger to the State—together with many other provisions equally fair and just to our city. This ought to satisfy all, but it will not. Efforts will be made on the one hand to make it construct the Pittsburgh road, and on the other to build the road to Franklin. But time will determine which project will carry, and that, too, shortly, as the Legislature will adjourn doubtless in a few weeks.

Passing over the road from Harrisburg to Baltimore one naturally has a desire to see the town of York, one of the most ancient in the State, and around which many historical associations cluster. The appearance of the town indicates the age. Very few modern buildings are in it, and hence it may safely be set down as a "finished town." True, it may not be "fenced in and whitewashed," yet it is certainly "topped out." Let us explain. High above every surrounding object, the traveler will see a mass of brick and mortar, looking something like a shot tower though not exactly. If he enquires what it is, he will be told a story something like this. A good many years ago, a Dutchman, whose trade and calling was a Tailor, settled in York. He was poor in purse, but a good deal poorer as a mechanic. Perseverance and industry accomplishes much however, and it did for him. Time passed, and from buying remnants from the village stores to take up, he visited Philadelphia as often as the best of them, and his purchases were as large. He was becoming rich. Just opposite to him was a negro barber. He, too, had accumulated a fine property, and he determined to "make a spread." So he erected himself a three story brick dwelling. This aroused the ire of the Dutch Tailor, and he swore by his goose he would build "vone house just so twice as high as der d—mt nager." To swear to do it was to do it; and there it stands, an unsightly mass of brick and mortar, towering into the sky six stories, a fit monument to that species of envy which finds a place in the breasts of many a one with higher pretentions to refinement than our York Dutchman. As that jolly member from "old mother Cumberland," Henderson, would say, "we aint proud" and we might "preach from this text to-day," and illustrate more of poor human nature, as exhibited by it, but we have already drawn our letter to an unusual length, and will forbear. Good-bye. S.

Dreadful Design.—The Angelica *Reporter* corrects a misapprehension in regard to the motive which inspired the two men convicted in Allegany county of placing obstructions on the track of the Erie Rail road, and assigns one almost too horrible for belief. The *Reporter* says, strange as it may seem, the facts elicited by the evidence, showed conclusively that there was no animosity existing on the part of the two individuals against the company, or that there was the least cause of complaint against the company; but that it was a preconcerted plan to throw the Express train off the track for the purpose of *robbing the passengers* in the general melee. This was proved on the trial.

Washington, March 15.

The Senate in executive session to day ratified the treaty negociated between Messrs. Everett and Crampton for the speedy indemnification of claims on both sides.

The President sent in a large number of nominations, among them Charles Gordon Green, editor of the Boston Post, to be Naval officer of Boston.

Rufus Sparks, Collector at Cleveland.

Gov. Lane, Governor of Oregon.

Most of the nominations were not read.

About 30 clerks in the Treasury were removed yesterday.

Washington, March 16.

The following nominations were sent into the Senate yesterday; Henry Crooker, Appraiser; Theodore S. Fay, Minister resident Switzerland; John Randolph Clay, Minister to Peru; D. R. Heap, Minister to Tunis; Jacob Carter, Postmaster for Concord, N. H.; M. A. Orseman, Collector, New Haven. The report that Lewis Carr at Philadelphia is charge to Naopel, is unfounded.

Grand Literary and Artistic Combination.

Arrangements have been made to furnish the Knickerbocker Magazine, the Home Journal, and the New York Musical World and Times, to new subscribers, five dollars a year! This is cheap literature, with a vengeance. The Knickerbocker is $3 per annum; Home Journal, $2; and the Musical World and Times, $3; making $8 a year at the usual rates. That such works can be obtained for five dollars a year, is a fact truly worthy the Calorie age, which is just now ushered in. Of the Knickerbocker Magazine, edited by Lewis Gaylord Clark, it is unnecessary to speak. For twenty years it has been the most genial, humorous, and spicey "monthly" in the world; and the present will be better than any which preceded it. The Home Journal, edited by Geo. P. Morris, and N. P. Willis, well known as the best family newspaper in America, and the Musical World and Times, edited by Richard Storrs Willis, with Lowell Mason, Geo. H. Curtis, Thomas Hastings, Wm. P. Bradbury, Geo. F. Root, and other musical writers contributing; and which present, among other things, over $25 worth of music and a full course of instruction in harmony annually, is the best musical journal ever published. These three publications will post a family up in regard to nearly everything worth knowing;—Art, Science, Literature; Music, Painting, Sculpture; Inventions, Discoveries; Humor, Fancy, Sentiment; the Newest Fashions and other attractions for Ladies; Choice New Music for the Sabbath, the Church, and the Fireside; Reviews and Criticisms of Musical Works, Performers and Performances; in short, the very pick and cream of Novelty, Incident, History, Biography, Art, Literature and Science, including whatever can be given in periodicals to promote Healthy Amusement and Solid Instruction in a family, and help to make it better. Wiser and Happier may be now obtained for five dollars Address Dana Willis, 257 Broadway.

Feb. 26, 1853. 3t1

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.—Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and female physician, would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup for children teething, which immediately relieve them from pain, allay all inflammation, soften the gums, reduce inflammation, and in spite of everything regulate the bowels. Depend upon it Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, over 20,000 bottles per year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arrises from teething or any other cause It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one who used it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and affecting cures In all cases where the infant is suffering from teething, by following the directions that accompany each bottle, a perfect and speedy relief is INSURED and ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN.

CURTIS & PERKINS, Druggists, formerly of Bangor, Me., but now at No. 49 Courtlandt street, New York. Agents appointed and being established in all the principal towns in the state of New York. CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for relieving pain in all cases; for the cure of spasms, cramps, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, bilious cholic, chills and fever burns, sore throat, colds, gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world In fact of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine, as on the circulars in the hands of Agents—you may be positive sure of relief if you use it Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years, now for the first time being introduced into all the principal towns in New York.

N B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12½, 25, 37½, cents per bottle according to size. For sale those pure WILD CHERRY BITTERS, for the cure of bilious and Jaundice complaints, and general debility. They quicken the blood and give new life and energy to the whole system. Price only 37½ cents in Pint Bottles. Bond & Peck, No. 1 Courtlandt street, New York, wholesale agents for all the above medicines. Application for agencies or orders for the above remedies must be directed to Curtis & Perkins, No. 49 Courtlandt street, New York. Also for sale by the following agents—Foster & Brother, J. H Burton & Co., Erie, Pa; Paterson & Bemore, Westfield; J. S Boggs, Dunkirk; A. Sexton, Fredonia, N. Y.; V. Wells & Co, Ashtabula; Lewis H Kelly, Painesville; Hayward, Woods & Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

☞ DR H TIBBLS will be in Erie on Monday and Tuesday the 4th and 5th of April at Browns Hotel where he will be pleased to see his friends. For particulars see advertisement in another column. March 5 1853—6

1853 J B GUNNISON,

Dealer in

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Erie County for the year A. D. 1852, as per Auditor's Report of the 6th January, A. D. 1853, as follows:

Jan. 1852.	To cash in Treasury, per. Auditor's Report,	$529 64
	To cash from County Commissioners on requisition for 1852,	2000 00
	To cash from sundry persons, per statement of Treasurer,	844 41
	Amt of Warrants in circulation at this date, Jan. 6, 1853,	532 35
	Total,	$3,906 40

EXPENDITURES.

By Cash paid sundry bills as per vouchers on file.				
By Cash paid for	Drugs and Medicines, Oils, etc.,			$46 75
do do	Shoe making,			38 25
do do	Coffins for House Paupers,			26 25
do do	Coffins for Out-Door Paupers,			77 00
do do	Blacksmithing,			22 61
do do	Conveying Paupers to poor house,			31 80
do do	Work on Farm,			71 25
do do	Work in House for two years,			148 50
do do	Support of out-door Paupers,			519 25
do do	Physician's bill out-door Paup'rs,			116 66
do do	" " in-door "			120 00
do do	Butchering on Farm,			4 00
do do	Justices orders to remove Paupers,			6 17
do do	Merchandize and Groceries,			522 64
do do	Provisions purchased,			21 76
do do	Sheep purchased,			265 21
do do	Farm Tools and repairing,			37 46
do do	Hospital expenses small-pox,			36 24
do do	Tin Ware,			10 18
do do	One pair working Oxen,			100 00
do do	Wood and Coal,			155 66
do do	Physician's bill attending small pox cases at Hospital,			28 86
do do	Wm. Folwell's bill, taking care of sick at Hospital, small-pox cases,			77 00
do do	Conveying Lunatics to State Lunatic Asylum at Harrisburg, and cash paid for their support,			350 51
do do	Keeping Foundlings,			58 00
do do	Bridles, Harness and Fly-Nets,			10 68
do do	Steward's salary,			475 00
do do	Printing annual statement and Gazette,			28 25
do do	Director's Counsel,			10 00
do do	Pump for Poor House,			4 25
do do	Directors Salary,			90 00
do do	Clerk's Salary,			50 00
do do	Sufferers steamboat America,			187 78
do do	Repairs on Poor House,			11 86
do do	Treasurer's fees,			64 76
				$3706 20
By am't of Warrants in circulation at last settlement,			60 97	
By cash in Treasury, Jan. 6, 1853,			70 23	
				140 20
	Total,			$3906 40

We the undersigned Auditors of Erie county, having met together at the office of the County Commissioners of said county, and having carefully examined the accounts of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of said county, do report them correct as above stated. Given under our hands and seals this 6th day of January, A. D. 1853.

FLAVEL BOYD, [L. S.]
SAMUEL REEDER, [L. S.]
OREN REED, [L. S.]

Products of the Poor House Farm for the year 1852.

454	bushels Wheat,	600	bushels	Corn,	
177	" Oats,	126	"	Barley,	
7½	" Clover Seed,	215	"	Potatoes,	
400	" Turnips,	25	"	Carrots,	
5	" Onions,	15	"	Beets,	
1700	heads Cabbage,	25	tons	Hay,	
6544	pounds Pork,	1034	pounds	Beef,	
3954	" Mutton,				

Stock on the Farm.

2 Horses, 1 pair Working Oxen,
9 Cows, 4 head Young Cattle,
26 Stock Hogs.

Inmates of House as per last report, March 1st, 1852,		64
Admitted during the year,		116
		180
Dismissed during the year,	99	
Removed by friends,	2	
Sent to State Lunatic Hospital,	3	
Deaths during the year,	11	
In the House at this date,	65	
		180

Whole number of In Door Paupers at this date, 65
Males 46, Females 19.

Ages under one year 3; from one to five years 3; from five to fifteen years 1; from fifteen to twenty-five years 7; from twenty-five to forty years 13; from forty to sixty years 22; from sixty to seventy-five years 14, over seventy-five 3.

Where Born.—Germany 8, Ireland 20, England 4, Scotland 1, Canada 1, State of New York 10, New Jersey 1, Connecticut 1, Vermont 2, Erie county, Pa., 10, Erie county Poor House 3, other Counties of Penn's 3.

Length of time in the bounds of Erie county before becoming Paupers—28 were less than six months, 22 were from six months to two years, but not citizens, 15 were citizens or their children.

Time in the House.—8 have been in since the opening of the house, 7 have been over three years, 15 from one to three years, remainder came in during the year.

Physical and Mental Condition.—Blind 2. Partially blind 2, Deaf and Dumb 1, Deformed 3, Suffering from old age 3, Crippled (permanently,) 11, Insane 3, Idiots 2.

Causes so far as can be ascertained of the Insane, becoming Paupers.—Intemperance 10, do of parents and husbands 7, Seduction and its consequences 6, old age 5, sickness and accidents 12, Idiocy and Insanity 13.

The first six months of the past year were marked by the prevalence of sickness in the house. Malignant diseases prevailed during that time to a very alarming extent. Of the past six months the very reverse has been the case with the inmates—the highest grade of health for a place of the kind has been enjoyed. But three deaths have occurred in the house since last July. Of these one was from old age, one from disease of the heart and one from apoplexy.

Out Door Paupers.—Weekly allowance has been granted to 55 out door Paupers—5 of whom were Irish, 8 German and 7 American born.

Temporary relief has been granted to 171 transient persons, who were not registered on the books as sustained by weekly allowance. 68 of whom were Irish, 33 English, 21 German, 8 Swedes and 41 American born.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

GEORGE FRITTS.
MELVEN M. KELSO,
WM. E. M'NAIR,
Directors.

Attest,
THOS. MOORHEAD, Jr., Clerk.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

And Report of THOS. MOORHEAD, Jr., Treasurer of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Erie county for the year A. D. 1852, as per Auditors settlement of January 6th, A. D. 1853.

Jan. 1852.	To cash in Treasury per Auditor's report,		$529 64
Feb 3.	To cash received from S. Fickinger, as follows: From a Pauper,	10 00	
	For Seed Barley sold,	7 50	
	For Hogs sold,	9 00	
	For keeping Cattle,	27 00	
			53 50
do 14.	To cash from S. Fickinger, keeping droves of cattle,		15 00
do 24.	To cash from Clinton George, on Mrs. Thomas' account,		16 00
March 16.	To cash from S. Hutchins & Co., for two pair of fat cattle,		200 00
do 27.	To cash from John C. Dunn, for barley sold him,		3 00
April 6.	To cash from Samuel Fickinger, keeping droves of cattle,		55 47
do. 6.	To cash received from paupers,		3 25
do 22.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, received from a pauper,		5 00
July 14.	To cash from County Commissioners, on requisition for 1852,		500 00
Aug. 3.	To cash from S. M. Brown, for barley,		4 50
Sept. 9.	To cash from County Commissioners, on requisition for 1852,		500 00
Oct. 18.	do do do		500 00
do 18.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, for 294½ bushels wheat sold to J. Towner at 75 cents per bushel, as of date of 23d June last,		221 00
do 18.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, money collected on a debt due Crowley, a pauper,		21 25
do 18.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, money collected from steamboat Alabama on account of a woman landed by said boat sick of the Cholera,		6 00
do 18.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, money found with a pauper taken to Poor House from F. Dutlinger's tavern,		16 00
Nov. 9.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, for 13 sheep sold at $1 46 per head,	19 24	
	17 " " 1 12½ "	19 13	
	13 " " to R. Kendall,	15 95	
			54 32
do 9.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, for a hog,		9 00
do 25.	To cash from County Commissioners, in full of requisition for $2000 for the year 1852,		500 00
1853. Jan. 4.	To cash from T. Evans, late Treasurer, in full.		60 00
do 4.	To cash from Wm. E. M'Nair, for sheep skins sold,		29 52
do 4.	To cash from Geo. Fritts, for 2 pigs,		5 00
	Total,		$3374 06

EXPENDITURES.

1852. Jan. 6.	By County Warrants redeemed,		$3303 32
do 6.	By cash in the hands of the Treasurer at this date,		70 22
	Total,		$3374 06

We the undersigned Auditors of Erie county, having met together at the office of the County Commissioners of said county, and after having carefully examined the accounts of the above Treasurer of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Erie county, for the year 1852, do report them correct as above stated, and that we find a balance in the hands of said Treasurer of seventy dollars and twenty-cents. Given under our hands and seals this 6th day of Jan., A. D. 1853.

FLAVEL BOYD, [L. S.]
SAMUEL REEDER, [L. S.]
OREN REED, [L. S.]

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE CITY OF ERIE.

CLERKS REPORT.

Expenditures of the City of Erie from April 1st 1852 to March 1st 1853.

Warrants issued	Work on sts by Joseph Deemer and others from April 1 '52 to March 1 '53,	$2642 81
"	am't expe'd on 8th st. bridge,	395 00
"	am't expe'd on 4th " "	1109 53
"	stone walk on State st.,	619 93
"	Engine House No. 2,	533 30
"	work on Holland st. pier,	550 00
"	work by George Miles Harbor Master and others,	334 65
"	to Sam'l Low City Surveyor,	116 00
"	to Clerks of the Councils,	378 30
"	Celebration of 4th July,	147 40
"	to Hook and Ladder Co.,	398 75
"	relief of sufferers from Atlantic,	104 44
"	Side walks *(paid or due the City.)*	1846 36
	EXPENSES INCURRED BY FORMER COUNCILS.	
Warrants issued	March 29th 1852, Fire Department for Refreshments,	$15 00
"	April 20th, E. Babbitt salary as atty,	30 00
"	A. C. Landon bal. as High Constable,	106 00
"	April 26, A. Scott as Harbor Master,	121 00
"	May 31, Wm. P. Trimble Clerk,	60 69
"	" 12, J. Gunnison Sheriff's deeds,	3 00
"	" 17, M Hileman, lumber,	22 66
"	" 31, G. W. Star error in bill,	4 89
"	June 7th, John Dailly witness fees,	6 50
"	" " E. Adle " "	3 50
"	" " Miner and wife " "	3 00
"	" 28 W. C. Warren judgment &c.,	58 21
"	July 12, Wm. Irvin witness fees,	12 00
"	" " S L Forster,	7 42
"	" " Wm. M. Wallace renewal of note,	456 40
"	" 26, M. W. Caughey lumber,	102 00
"	Aug 23, E. B. Lytle ringing bell,	11 70
"	" " Hitchcock & Co., bill,	3 25
"	Sept. 6, P. McGloin witness fees,	1 50
"	Oct. 4, S. Booth,	4 95
"	Dec. 6, M. Henry,	11 00
"	Jan. 10, H. Pelton levelling stone,	36 25
"	Dec. 13, B. Soules work done 1850,	6 12
"	Oct. 4, M. Wanshel witness fees,	1 00
	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURES.	
Warrants issued	May 12, E. C. Bennett bill,	$1 25
"	" " S. L. Forster lighting Court House,	1 00
"	" " A. P. Burton ringing bell,	10 00
"	June 7, A. W. Caughey printing,	1 50
"	" 14, Rufus Reed nails,	7 50
"	" " N. Murphy candlesticks,	1 00
"	" 21, P. Fondenheim rep'g water legs,	1 00
"	" 28, Tho's Dillon blacksmithing,	9 66
"	" " J White whitewash'g mkt house,	3 00
"	" " G. W Brown lumber,	10 81
"	" " M. W. Alexander lumber,	35 60
"	July 12, A. & H. P. Mehaffey table,	4 50
"	" " Mr. Ross carting plank,	50
"	" 19, W S Lane professional services,	15 00
"	" " P. Fondenheim rep'g water legs,	2 00
"	" 26, A. G. Danforth lumber,	15 97
"	" " A P. Burton bell ringing,	10 00
"	" " Round & Clinkinbroomer work on market House,	5 56
"	Aug. 7, John Dillon blacksmithing,	3 14
"	" " John Killpatrick brick,	5 50
"	" 16, E D. Gunnison stone,	1 00
"	" " B. Tomlinson lumber,	10 61
"	" " E. Babbitt appeal Zwingle case,	12 00
"	" 23, A. J. Kelso lumber,	36 06
"	" " J. Towner & Co., lumber,	167 84
"	" 30, O. Spofford Blank book,	1 63
"	" " T. G. Forster lighting Court House,	1 00
"	" " E. Shieffler printing,	11 25
"	Sept. 6, J. Hanson selling water lots	5 00
"	Oct. 4, Tho's Dillon blacksmithing,	6 16
"	" " Dennis Driscol lumber,	84
"	" " Clark & McCarter coal,	3 36
"	" " J. R. Prindle lumber,	41 06
"	" 18, E. F. Eichenlaub culvert,	6 88
"	" " P. Fondenheim rep'g water legs,	5 00
"	" 30, Joe Deemer on cl'k mkt house,	25 00
"	Nov. 8, R Reed nails,	4 00
"	" " S. Perley printing,	3 00
"	" " A. P. Burton ringing bell,	15 48
"	" " Eichenlaub and others culvert,	42 62
"	" " Bennett & Brooks sundry jobs,	2 20
"	" " Mr Davison rep'g 11th st. bridge,	25 00
"	" " Siegel & Kelsey materials for repairing market house,	107 53
"	" " J. Cummins painting mkt house,	91 50
"	" " Sweigert work on pump,	2 00
"	" " D. Sullivan work foot 4th street,	1 00
"	" " J. Brooks filing saws,	1 70
"	" " W. Milner carriage,	85
"	" " Schneider & Dunlap plank,	12 68
"	" 29 B. Jochim setting glass in mkt house,	2 30
"	" " J. & L. S. Dunn cross walk,	5 40
"	" " S. Brown repairing hay scales,	8 03
"	" " Tho's Dillon blacksmithing,	9 63
"	Dec. 6, T H Forster, lighting court house,	2 00
"	" " John Lind mason work,	15 81
"	" 13 J. & L. S. Dunn cross walks,	36 16
"	" " Rich & Holmes work on mkt house,	11 93
"	" " Vincent Himrod & Co's., se't,	3 05
"	" " Seifert & Co., culvert,	6 00
"	" 20 Brown's Hotel council from Phil'a,	50 00
"	" " B. Soules lime,	16 81
"	" " G. J. Morton lumber,	7 00
"	" " R. Reed spike,	4 00
"	Jan. 10, Sterrett & Gara printing,	31 08
"	" " Walker & Tibbals freight on lamp posts,	2 50
"	" 24 Vosburgh and others use of carriages,	4 25
"	" " 31 Simeon Dunn services as police constable,	18 00
"	" " A. P. Burton ringing bell,	11 00
"	Feb 7, Constable & Co rep'g mkt house,	5 57
"	" " 14, Jos. Deemer assessing dogs,	28 50
"	" " 21, E. Babbit salary as city atty, year ending July 5 1852,	30 00
"	" " Caldwell & Bennett's account,	33 55
"	" " F. Schneider brick,	1 60
"	" " H. S. Drake repairing city seal,	1 00
"	" " G. J. Morton plank,	28 00
"	" 28, Vincent Himrod & Co's, se't,	14 71
	Total,	$11,354 03
	Deduct am't paid and due from citizens for side walks,	1,846 36
		$9 508 67

Attest, W. H. SHERMAN, Clerk.

ERIE, March 1st, 1853.

G. A. BENNETT, Treasurer.

1852. *In account with the City of Erie, Dr.*

June 1st, To am't received from R. Huston late Treasurer,		23 14
	COLLECTORS.	
To am't received from M. Mayers Collector E. Ward,		2,889 40
" " " Tho's Stewart " W. Ward,		1,765 47
	DIVIDENDS OF PLANK ROAD STOCK.	
To am't received from Treas. Erie & Edenboro		187 50
" " " " Erie & Waterford,		200 00
For building brick and plank walks,		796 29
To am't received from the water lots sold Sharon Iron Co. for a bloomery,		53 00
" " " for water lots sold Brown, McSparren, Scott & Gunnison,		2,579 64
" " " from S. Brown rent of Hay scales,		50 00
" " " " License to Circuses,		75 00
" " " " " Theatres, concerts, &c.,		59 00
" " " A. King Co. Treas. on converted land warrants,		30 19
" " " E S Little old judgment,		371 77
" " " Michael Henry,		18 75
" " " Treas. W. Ward school district,		49 68
" " " rent stalls in mkt house,		191 60
" " " H. Pelton for stone in the Quarry,		96 25
		$9,363 68

CR.

By Cash paid interest on certificate of loan to the Erie & Edenboro plank road Co.,	260 27
By Cash paid interest on certificate of loan to the Erie & Waterford plank road Co.,	231 01
By an abatement on assessed land warrants,	1 00
" Cash paid Tho's Sill for postage stamps,	1 00
" " " Recorders fees and taxes on deed of water lot from J. Gunnison to City of Erie,	1 04
" " " Recorders fees and tax on mortgage of Brown McSparren and others to City of Erie,	1 50
" " on deposit for the payment of balance of interest on road certificates and pier work,	284 75
" am't of City warrants cancelled,	8,583 11
	$9,363 68
Am't of interest due on certificates of loan to the Erie & Waterford plank road Co.,	60 00
Am't of interest due on certificates of loan to the Erie & Wattsburgh plank road Co.,	35 75
Am't reserved for Holland street pier,	189 00
	$284 75

AMOUNT DUE FROM COLLECTORS.

Am't due from M. Mayers including exoneration and fees,		567 81
" " " Tho's Stewart including exoneration and fees,		654 36
" " " stall rent in market house,		372 70
" " " J. W. Roberts per judgment 1849,		25 00
" " " A C Landon bal. on dog tax 1851,		76 00
" " " W. Truesdail per judgment 1848,		35 00
" " " R. Lamberton " " 1844,		18 89
" " " E. B Lytle " " 1848,		351 68
" " " S. E. Goodwin rent of hay scales 1848,		26 00
" " " H. Pelton per stone contract,		98 25
" " " L. Nichols rent of garrison tract,		90 00
" " " individuals making side walks,		1,050 07
		$3,895 94

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers his farm situate on the Lexington road, three miles from Girard, Erie county, for sale. It contains 80 acres of Land, 60 of which are under a good state of improvement; has erected thereon a good two story frame House, the necessary barns, sheds and outhouses; a good orchard of grafted fruit; is well watered, and the uncleared land abounds in good sawing timber, and there are two saw-mills within a quarter of a mile. Terms made easy, and title indisputable. Enquire of the subscriber living in the village of Girard.

March 5 1853—3m43. ADAM LAUGHLIN.

FOR SALE.

FIVE acres of land adjoining the village of Albion, on which is a good house and barn and house fruit trees, and well watered, also, twenty-two acres of land adjoining the same, the hole or each part will be sold separately to suit the purchaser. Terms of payment will be made easy, if not sold before the 20th of April it will be for rent until sold. For terms apply to C. W. Cruse, Agent, in the village of Albion.

Albion, Feb. 12, 1852. *3m10

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his house and lot, very cheap for cash down, situated at McKean corners, (formerly Elisha Pinneys tavern stand.) This is a good situation for a business man or mechanic, in fact the best the town affords; for further particulars enquire of AZRO GOFF.

Feb. 12 1852—40 Erie.

WANTED.

200 LIVE Chickens, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash if delivered soon.

Erie, Feb 12 1853—10 AZRO GOFF.

1853 HATS! 1853

BEEBE & Co's Spring style of Hats for 1853, just received at Warrens, No. 6 Browns Block, State street. Call and look at them. Erie Feb 12 1853—40.

PITTSBURGH ALMANACS.—A large supply just received at Erie, Feb. 12—10 DURLIN & SLOAN'S.

New Music Store.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he has opened an entire new stock of music and musical instruments at the store he formerly occupied in Beebe's block. Thanking the public for the favors formerly bestowed upon him he asks a continuance of their patronage hoping that he will be able to give satisfaction.—He has on hand the very best of Piano Fortes, Melodians and so-called Seraphims, Violins, Flutes, Fifes, and all kinds of small string and wind instruments, instrument trimmings, and in short every thing usually found in a music store. Instruments tuned and repaired—old instruments taken in exchange for new, also, parlor organs, and melodians, with two key boards and six stops, and any other instruments not on hand will be furnished to order. Pianos to rent. All persons wanting music or musical instruments will please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Mr. W. continues to give lessons as before.

Erie Feb. 12 1853—40 WM. WILLING.

20 BBLS. Molasses, also 16 bbls. Stewart's best Honey Syrup for sale by Nov. 6—26 STERRETT & GRAY.

H JARECKI,

BRASS FOUNDRY, west side of State Street, Erie, Pa. 38

1853 1853

NEW YORK AND MISSISSIPPI LINE!

INSURED.—NO TRANSHIPMENT.

THIS line consists of forty first class Canal Boats on the Hudson River, and Erie Canal—running in connection with lines on the Ohio and Illinois Canals,—also, with Steamboats and Propellers on the Western Lakes, and daily lines of Steamers on the Illinois, Mississippi and Ohio Rivers.

PROPRIETORS:

HUGH ALLEN, & CO., - - - - New York.
ALLEN, OATMAN & CO. - - - Foot of Main-St., Buffalo.

FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO

R. L. HOWELL formerly of the West'n Lake Boat Line.
C. H. CANFIELD, " N. Y. & O., W'n States Line. } Broad
JAS. C. OATMAN, " New York & Cincinnati Line. } st. N.Y.
HUGH ALLEN, " Eckford Line.

Mark Goods "N. Y. & MISS. LINE," Ship Daily, Pier 4, Foot Broad Street, New York.

Jan. 29, 1853—38. GEO. J. MORTON, Agent, Erie.

Bibles and Prayer Books.

JUST received from D. Appleton & Co., the best assortment of Bibles and Prayer Books ever offered in this market.—Call and examine them at No 9, Brown's Hotel.

Erie Feb 26—41. DURLIN & SLOAN

Hartford Fire Insurance Company!

OFFICE NO. 16, STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CONN. INCORPORATED 1810. Charter perpetual. Authorized capital $250,000. Subscribed Capital $150,000. Real and Personal property of all kinds, insured as low as the risk will admit.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

H. HUNTINGTON, President.

Albert Day,	Calvin Day,
James Goodwin,	Job Allyn,
Charles Boswell,	John P. Brace,
Henry Keney,	Charles J Russ,

A. F. WILMARTH, Sec'y.

CHRISTOPHER C. LYMAN, *Assist. Sec'y.*

J. L. LINTS, Agent, Erie, Pa.

☞ Office in the Reading Room, in Gunnison's Building Feb. 26, 1853.

Notice.

ANY Person having claims against Becker & Rust, or either of the firm will please present same for settlement, Esq. BECKER & RUST.

Erie, Feb. 26 1853. 3m42

Empires are Awake.

WE are just beginning to receive our first purchase of spring goods, the first goods rec'd in Erie this spring. This community has been a good long enough about buying old stocks of goods at 25 to 30 per cent lower than new goods could be sold this year, any one can soon be convinced by examining our piles of new goods that dry goods can and will be sold at the Empires this year at less prices than were ever sold before in any market; of domestic goods we have the agency of a number of manufacturing establishments which will enable us to job goods to the trade as low as any jobbing house in New York.

Feb. 26 1853—42 CADWELL & BENNETT.

Seeds! Seeds!!

FIELD, Garden & Flower seeds a large supply of all kinds some of which we have received from a celebrated seed store in England, our stock of seed is too numerous to mention, Farmer's, Gardner's and others are invited to call and examine

Erie, Feb 26 1853—42. CLARK & McCARTER.

Almanacs.

GREELEY'S whig Almanac,
Loomis' " "
" Mag. "
" Farmer's (German Form.) do.

At No. 9, Brown's Ho el. DURLIN & SLOAN.
Erie Feb. 19 1853. 41

Burnt Out, But Yet Alive.

AND will be happy to see his old customers, and as many new ones as will favor him with a call, at No. 2 Reed House, on French street, nearly opposite his old stand. Pay attention all who buys clothing that my motto is to

UNDERSELL ALL OTHERS IN THE TRADE

There are some in the Clothing trade who call themselves men and they will tell you that my clothing is eastern made, second hand, &c., or I could not sell so cheap. It is their policy to say so. But the people will be the citizens are awake; they have been gulled long enough and can't stand it any longer, and the universal cry is go to WOOD & CO'S. clothing store, he is in town yet and if you want to buy he has everything you want in the clothing line, you can depend upon what he says; if you buy and don't like the goods after you get home bring them back and get your money; he won't say I don't know you, well I think you bought that some other place." What he says is truth and truth must and will prevail. A word, our goods are all cut and made by the most practical workmen and under our own supervision. All I ask is a look before you buy, and be convinced that I will sell 50 per cent cheaper than any house in the state. I invite all, particularly the mechanic, laborer and farmer as it is to their interest and can save time and expense.

Don't forget the number, No 2 Reed House, on French street, opposite the burnt district, for Wood defies the world to compete with him in prices, quality and durability, so come one, come all and give him a trial, that is all he asks. Signed by five hundred Citizens.

N. B.—Boys Clothing of all sizes always on hand.

Erie, Feb. 19 1853—41. N. WOOD & CO.

FOR RENT.

THE farm of the late Samuel Barr, dec'd, situated on the Ridge Road about 11 miles from Erie is offered for rent for a term of two years or longer,—*possession given first of April.* The farm is in a good state of cultivation, there are about one hundred acres of improvement, good buildings and a fine young orchard on the premises. For further particulars enquire of the family on the farm or of MATTHEW R. BARR,

Erie, Feb. 19 1853—41. Erie Steam Foundry.

Gazette copy 21.

FLOUR—Buckwheat flour, corn meal and corn in the ear kept constantly on hand and for sale by Feb. 19-41 A. GOFF.

BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.

THE old and well known establishment of the subscribers, on French st., in the city of Erie, has been removed to the three story brick building, recently erected on the same street, one door north of the old stand, where the public will be served with *Boots and Shoes* of all descriptions with promptness and at the lowest possible rates consistent with the cost of the work.—Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, and determined to spare no endeavors to give satisfaction on the score both of quality and price, they hope to merit and secure the continued support and encouragement of the community.

Erie, Feb 26 1853—42. J. & J. WILLIAMS.

175 BUSHELS Clover Seed, 100 do. Grass seed, for sale by Feb 26 '53—41 CLARK & McCARTER.

ALTRINGHAM Carrot Seed, this comes to us highly recommended from England as a field Carrot, grows to a good size and is of a rich color, deep yellow.

Erie, Feb. 26 '53—41 CLARK & McCARTER.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

SILKS AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

NICOLSON & WRIGHT,

Importers and Jobbers of Silks and Fancy Dry Goods,

HAVING removed from 54 Cedar Street, to the New Marble Building, 93 *Liberty Street*, (four doors west of Broadway,) would invite the attention of dealers in distant cities and towns to a very extensive and rich stock of Silks and Fancy Dry Goods consisting of

RIBBONS, LACES,
EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
WHITE GOODS, GLOVES,
SILKS, DELAINES,
SHAWLS, PARASOLS,
MILLINARY ARTICLES, &c.

An examination of our Goods and prices will, we think, convince Country Dealers that we can offer them fully as advantageous terms as any house in New York—if not better. We pay particular attention to the *auction sales*, and if goods are selling at less prices than they can be imported—as is sometimes the case—we shall see that our customers will realize all the benefit accruing from such sales. We are at all times willing to exhibit our stock to buyers, whether they purchase or not; we do not consider it any trouble to show our goods.

☞ Cash and close time purchasers are especially invited to give us a call From our facilities, we are convinced that we can sell them at such rates as must prove satisfactory

NICOLSON & WRIGHT, 93 Liberty Street.

March 5, 1853. 3m43

Brown's New Hotel for Rent.

THE Proprietor of the above House situate on the corner of state street and public square, proposes to lease it for a term of years. The house was new built of brick expressly for a Hotel in 1851 and has all the modern improvements, with good barn, stables, outhouses, &c., furniture entirely new from cellar to attic, manufactured expressly for the house

The house has a location unsurpassed by any in the United States. To any person wishing to rent, an opportunity is here offered seldom heard of. The whole of the furniture will be sold with the lease on favorable terms. Apply to the subscriber on the premises, post paid. H. L. BROWN,

Erie, March 5 1853—43. Proprietor.

PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber at Cleveland, O., for furnishing the following bill of Hemlock Lumber, delivered on the dock at Erie, at any time from the 1st of April to the 1st of July, viz.:

45,000 feet of Joist,	3 by 12	24 feet long.		
11,000	"	"	2 by 12	19 "
15,000	"	"	2 by 12	13 "
24,000	"	"	2 by 10	12 "
12,000	"	"	3 by 9	21 "
4,000	"	"	3 by 9	24 "
11,000	"	"	3 by 6	17 "
500	"	"	3 by 6	13 "
3,000	"	"	2 by 5	13 "
2,100	"	"	3 by 5	13 "
2,000	"	"	3 by 5	22 "
20,000	"	"	3 by 4	10 "

180,000 feet of Scantling and Joist, from 19 to 22 feet long.

WM. YEMANS, Build'r.

Cleveland, March. 2. 3m43

CLOCKS.—Received this day, by railroad, from Clocks, Peert inlaid, new style, a most beautiful article for the parlor, very cheap. Jan. 15-36. T. M. AUSTIN, opposite Brown's Hotel.

TIMOTHY SEED, a superior article at TIBBALS & HAYES. Erie, March 12 '53-44 No. 1 Brown's Block.

DEBT REMEMBERED

THAT W. H. KNOWLTON intends to close up his present business on the first day of April next, and it must be distinctly understood, he will sell of his Large and splendid lot of goods at CASH, and having purchased his Jewelry with cash in hand he is able to sell at least 20 per cent cheaper than those who buy on credit. *remember that.* Now then all those who wish to purchase any articles in his line will do well to call and examine his stock before buying elsewhere. And lastly I would limit to all those who are indebted to me, and have heretofore been prompt in squaring up, that I would be greatly obliged if they would drop in and see me, and to all those who never have paid, nor never expect to pay, if they will furnish paper and write a receipt in full and hand it in I will sign it, for I wish to close all accounts.

Erie Feb. 5 1853—39 W. H KNOWLTON.

LOOK OUT!

ALL Persons indebted to the old firm of Vincent, Himrod & Co., (which partnership terminated on the first of March last,) are hereby notified that the books, notes and accounts of said firm, which remain unpaid on the first of March next will then be left in the hands of an officer for collection as the business must be closed. VINCENT, HIMROD & CO.

Gazette copy. Erie, Jan. 29 1853—36.

STRAY STEER!

CAME to the enclosure of the subscriber living in Millcreek township, about the first of January last, a red steer has some white in the face, supposed to be two years old in the spring.—Any person owning said steer, will call prove property, pay charges and take it away, otherwise it will be disposed of as the law directs. J. B. WILLIAMS.

Feb. 5 1853. 3t39

NEW GOODS.

JUST received, and now open for inspection of the public a large and most desirable selection of Fall and Winter dress goods, which we are determined to dispose of at very low rates, our motto being small profits and quick sales. You are respectfully invited to call and see our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere GEO. SELDEN & SON

Erie Oct 9 1852—22 No. 6 Tracy's Block Cheapside

FINE CARRIAGES!

3 NEW and splendid one horse carriages for sale at bargains. Enquire of Dec. 25 1852-25. CADWELL & BENNETT.

WINES AND LIQUORS,

PURE AND UNADULTERATED!

IMPURE Wines and adulterated Liquors, such as are too generally sold by Hawkers and Pedlars and those supplying them, furnish the stock in trade of most of the Maine Law advocates—hence to stop their mouths, and at the same time to enable those using the "critter," to get a pure article, the subscriber has laid in a stock of

Wines and Liquors,

Which he confidently assures the public are as *PURE AND UNADULTERATED* as purity itself In the stock may be found Otard, united Proprietors, Pellevoisin and Seignette Brandies: Champagne, Old Port Juice, Sherry, Madeira, Malaga and Claret Wines: Scotch, Irish, Monongahela and Ohio Whiskey Scotch Ale, London Porter, &c., &c., all of which will be sold as cheap, if not a little cheaper, than any other establishment in the city.

Erie, Jan. 15 1853—36 T. W. MOORE.

MUFFS.—We offer for sale a lot of real Lynx and other Muffs, at prime cost to get out of the business. Call and get one at Erie, Jan 15 1853—36. SENNETT & CO's.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

A NEW supply of School Books just received at No. 9 Brown's Block, embracing almost every variety used in the Schools of this country, viz:

M'Guffeys' Readers and Speller,
Saunders' do do
Town' do do
Clark's; Kirkham's, Sullion's, and Weld's Grammars,
Davies', Smith's, Stoddard's, Colburn's and Adams' Arithmetics
Mitchell's, Olney's, Smith's and Goodrich's Geographies.
Best Writing Books and Writing Paper, Ink, Pens and Pen-Holders, together with many other articles used to teach the "young idea how to shoot."

Erie, Dec 18 1852 DURLIN & SLOAN 39

BROOK'S

GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE THREAD!

THIS Six Cord Thread, made principally from Sea Island Cotton, is warranted not to kink or knot in sewing, and the strongest and smoothest in the world. It is now taking the lead of all other makes.

FOR SALE BY

Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton,
Hunter, Buckley & Co.,
Calhoun, Vanderburgh & Co.,
Lee, Fenton & Phelps,
Avery, Hillard & Co.,
Henrys, Smith & Townsend,
W. & J. Morrison & Co.,
John Martin Jr., & Co.,
Chaffin, Mellen & Co.,
Lord, Warren, Salter & Co.,
Greenway, Brothers & Co.,
George Opdyke & Co.,
L. & V. Kirby & Co.,
Lathrop & Ballentine,
Hurlbut, Ainsworth & Pierson,
John Steward Jr., & Co.,
Smith, Carey & Mosely,
Brooks, Brothers, & Co., &c.,

And by all the leading jobbers &c., in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Feb. 26 1853—3m42.

NEW YORK CITY

AN extensive assortment of flavoring extracts the best in market, extracts for the handkerchief of every kind, Colognes, hair oils, pomades, ananadine a certain cure for chapped hands, lip salve, shaving soaps and creams of first quality, bay rum, hair dye, hair restorative, depilatory powder, in short we constantly keep on hand a complete assortment of every kind of Perfumery, fancy articles and Yankee notions of almost every description.

Persons wishing to buy are respectfully invited to call as they may depend upon getting what they want at the lowest price, at the city drug store state-st. Erie Dec. 4-30 P. HALL.

WRITING PAPER—Blue, White, Lemon Gilge, colored, satin and note Paper, fancy envelopes, plain and self-sealing envelopes, cards of all kinds which cannot fail to suit customers, give us a call and see. Dec. 4 1852-30. P. HALL.

CABINET WARE, CABINET WARE!

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES,

THE subscribers would adopt this method of returning their sincere thanks to the citizens of Erie and vicinity, and the public generally, for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to them, and would state that they have just received from the City of New York and extensive assortment of

CABINET WARE,

embracing Mahogany Sofas of different styles, Mahogany French Bedsteads and Chairs, Mahogany Tables, with and without Marble Tops, with a list of other articles too numerous for newspaper detail, all of which are offered at prices lower than they can be procured in any other establishment west of New York. This is still in no spirit of empty boast, but from a conviction of its TRUTH, as all will find who may take the trouble to institute a personal examination.

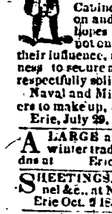
They continue to manufacture all varieties of Cabinet Ware — They hold themselves in constant readiness to furnish, at the shortest notice, articles of whatever style or quality Confident of their ability to give satisfaction, they invite to their stock, and their facilities for doing good and cheap work, the attention of the citizens of the city and county.

Mattresses of all sizes kept constantly on hand.

Erie, July 12. J. H. RUNYER & Co.

BOOTS and Shoes of all descriptions closing out without a profit. Call and see at Jan. 15-36. SENNETT & Co's.

Fashionable Tailoring Establishment.



THE Subscriber, in gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage which he has received from the citizens of Erie for the past five years, would most respectfully call their attention to his present location. Having erected a new shop on the east side of State street, two doors North of 8th, and adjoining J. H. Rubler & Co's Cabinet Ware Rooms, he is prepared again to wait upon and accommodate his old patrons and friends, and hopes that by his usual success in making "good fits," not only to continue in their confidence, but also, thro' their influence, and by his own integrity and attention to business to secure a liberal share of the public patronage which he respectfully solicits.

Naval and Military Clothing made to order and Cutting for others to make up, done with care and promptness.

Erie, July 29, 1852. JOHN GOALDING.

A LARGE and beautiful lot of Bonnett ribbons for fall and winter trade, selected with due regard to the prevailing fashions at Erie Oct. 9 1852—22 G. SELDEN & SON'S.

SHEETINGS, Shirtings, stripe Shirtings Ticking Canton Flannel &c., at No. 6, Tracy's Block Cheapside

Erie Oct. 9 1852. 22 GEO. SELDEN & SON.

NEW WATCH, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS STORE.

State St., opposite Brown's Hotel, Erie.

THE subscriber, (late of the firm of G. Loomis & Co.,) comes before the Erie public and vicinity, soliciting a share of patronage, confident a large and well selected stock of the choicest and most fashionable GOODS always at low prices, together with the manufacturing of *Silver Ware* and *Jewelry*, and close attention to business will insure a reasonable support. Having been for the past fifteen years a resident of Erie, and intending to remain the rest of life, the public will find me no "bird of passage," but always on hand trying with the "rest of mankind" to sustain myself and family, in the world, and I pledge myself to endeavor to maintain the reputation enjoyed by the old firm in every particular. Thankful to a generous public for my success thus far in life, I shall endeavor to merit a continuance of their favors

Aug. 7 1852—13 THOS. M. AUSTIN.

N. B.—Watches, Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired.

J. M. SMITH & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 7 Bonnell Block, State Street, Erie, Pa.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of this and the adjoining counties, that they are receiving almost daily in addition to their stock of goods, the largest and best assortment of Groceries to be found west of New York City. Thankful for the liberal patronage received since our commencement in this city, we would most respectfully call the attention of merchants and others wishing goods in our line, to an exhibition of our stock before going to Buffalo or New York. We wish it distinctly understood that we will sell goods for *Cash or Ready Pay*, as cheap as can be purchased in Buffalo or in New York, with the addition of expenses in getting goods to this City.

The following comprise a small part of our stock—

- 50 Hhd. N. O., Musc'd., and P. R., Sugars.
- 100 Bbls. Crushed Pow'd., Granulat'd & Coffee do.
- 10 Tierces Dutch Crushed Sugar,
- 20 Boxes Refined Loaf.
- 20 Hhd. Musc'd., and P. R. Molasses,
- 20 Tierces do, do. do.
- 75 Bbls. do. do. & S. H. do.
- 15 do. Stewart's Syrup,
- 10 do. Cuba Honey.
- 150 Chests and half Chests Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Imperial, Gunpowder and Black Teas,
- 100 Bx. from 4 to 16lbs of Black and Green do.
- 75 Bags Rio, Laguire, and Java Coffee,
- 20 Boxes Ground Coffee,
- 75 do. Cavendish Tobacco, all qualities,
- 30 do. ½ lb lump do. superior qualities,
- 25 Bbls. J. Anderson's Smoking Tobacco, ½, ¼ & lb prs.

Also, several different brands Fine Cut Chewing,

- 75 Packages Mackeral, No's 1, 2 & 3, in whole, ½, ¼ and Kits,
- 250 Boxes Herring, No. 1 and Scalded,
- 8000 lbs Cod Fish,
- 25 Bbls. Refined Winter Strained Oil,

Also, Nuts, Raisins, Prunes, Pepper, Pimento, Cassia, Nutmegs, Cloves, Rice, Powder, Shot Safety Fuse, Wrapping, Cap and Letter Paper; Mustard, and Pickles, of an excellent quality and cheap—besides a great many other articles too numerous to mention in an advertisement of this kind. We also have in addition to the goods above mentioned, a large stock of PURE WINES and LIQUORS, which can be had 25 per cent. cheaper for the same quality, than can be purchased west of New York, now withstanding the recent advance in liquors. London and Philadelphia Porter, Scotch Ale, and Wines of almost all description. Please call and examine for yourselves, and you will be satisfied that you can do better than by going to Buffalo or New York.

Erie, Dec. 4, 1852. 30 J. M SMITH & Co.

WHOLESALE—The subscribers are agents for the following Patent Medicines, which they will sell by the dozen at Manufacturers prices, viz: Jaynes' Expectorant, Alterative Carminative Balsam, Vermifuge, Hair Dye and Sanative Pills: Osgood's Cholagogue; Bristol's and Townsend's Sarsaparilla: McLane's and Fahnestock's Vermifuge; Frank's, Tanner's, McAlister's, Sloan's and Dalley's Ointments: Perry Davis' Pain Killer, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Dr. Ayer's Indian Liniment, Harry's Tricopherans, Brant's Indian Medicines and Kier's Petroleum.

Erie Dec. 20 1852—23 J. H. BURTON & CO.

A FINE assortment of Gentlemen's and Ladies' rubbers just the thing for muddy streets at reduced prices by

Erie Oct 29 1852. G SELDON & SON.

JUST received, another lot of those fine Calf Water-proof Boots. Sept. 25. WILCOX & NORTON.

WINES, LIQUORS.

CIGARS, Groceries, Pickles, Pickled Oysters, Lobsters, Foreign Fruit and Nuts. J. G. & W. I MILLS, No. 3 Williams's Block, opposite Brown's New Hotel, Erie, Pa., have supplied a New Establishment, where they are prepared to sell all Articles in their line at the Lowest Prices, at Wholesale and Retail. The Stock Consists in part of the following articles, to wit:

Wines,	Oranges,	Preserved Fruits,	Macaronis,
Liquors,	Lemons,	Vermicelli,	Sardines,
Cigars,	Figs,	Plain Pickles,	Anchovies,
Porter,	Raisins,	Mixed Pickles,	Catsup,
Ale,	Nuts,	Pickled Oysters,	Cayenne,
Cider,	Cocoa,	Pickled Lobsters,	Ile Orgeis,
Cordials,	Pines,	Pickled Clams,	Curicon, Ex Absinthe,

WHISKEY BY THE BARREL.

ALSO—Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Tobacco, Rice, Ground Spices, Confectionary by the Box, Soda Biscuit, Crackers by the Barrel, and many other Articles too numerous to mention.

IMPORTED CIGARS—We import our own Cigars, and can sell better quality of Cigars at the same prices than any house in the city. Pure and Genuine Wines, Liquors of every description constantly on hand, for Sale Wholesale at low rates. Also—Bottled Wines and Liquors for Medicinal or other purposes on hand by the Dozen or Single bottle which are pure.

AGENCY FOR BUFFALO ALE—Moffats and Gilman & Barton's Ale, for sale by the barrel, at Buffalo Price, adding transportation. Also—receiving in their Season, Oysters in Shell, Keg and Can, from J. G. Mills & Co., of New York, for Sale Wholesale at Low Prices.

J. G. MILLS, New York. W. I. MILLS, Buffalo.

A. C. JACKSON, Agent, Erie, Pa.

N. B. Hotels, Steam Boats, private Families and Dealers generally supplied with all articles in our line, at Buffalo prices — ORDERS from City and surrounding country respectfully solicited, and we pledge ourselves that all goods shall be as recommended.

Erie, May 22, 1852

WINDOW GLASS.—The largest assortment ever brought to this city can be found at CARTER & BROTHER, No. 6 Reed House.

Wrapping Paper.

A FIRST RATE article of Wrapping Paper, just received and for sale at No. 9, Brown's Hotel.

Erie, Dec. 18, 1852.—32. DURLIN & SLOAN.

GINGHAMS of every variety and style from 10 cents to 25 cts. per yard at Nov 9 26 SMITH JACKSON.

Notice to Clothiers.

OIL suitable for greasing Wool; also, lubricating oil for greasing Machinery, for sale low by 32 CARTER & BROTHER.

GREAT BARGAINS!

10 CITY LOTS for sale at bargains, call upon Dec. 25 1852—33 CADWELL & BENNETT,

POCKET and Table Cutlery, also, Hall & Elton's plated table tea spoons, a good assortment this day received at No. 3 Reed House. Erie, Jan. 29—26 RUFUS REED

Corn Shellers.

YANKEE, Southern and Clinton corn Shellers, just received and for sale by Jan. 22-37 CLARK & McCARTER.

BUTCHER'S Knives, Saws and Saw Blades at Erie, Jan: 29—29 RUFUS REED'S.

SAWS of nearly every variety at the cheap hardware store. Erie, Jan. 29 '52—38. RUFUS REED.

NEW AND FRESH GROCERIES! THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN TOWN! Is at Moore's.

MOORE HAS been receiving *more* new Groceries, and other "fixings," both useful and ornamental, all of which he is confident he can sell much cheaper than any of his neighbors, greater or small As the proof of the pudding is in the eating, come and try! You will find Teas "that make pleasant drinkin'," Coffees, Sugars, Codfish, Mackerel, sweet Molasses, "sour Vinegar," Tobacco, Pipes, Mustard, Saleratus, Pork, Beans, Butter, Cheese, Dairy and Table Salt. Also, a good variety of Wooden and Willow Ware, viz: Brooms, Grass and Jute Mats, Waggons, Cradles, Pails, Tubs, Washboards, &c. Also, a well selected and general variety of "tasty Confectionary," foreign and native fruits and nuts, and an elegant "troupe of fancy Toys," &c.

☞ Cash paid for Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Beans, Hams Pork, Potatoes, Apples, &c. T. W. MOORE.

Erie, Dec. 18, 1852. 32

Port Monies and Wallets.

A NEW and beautiful supply of those elegant Port Monies and Wallets, just received and for sale at No. 9, Brown's Hotel

Erie Dec. 15, 1852. DURLIN & SLOAN.

ATTENTION ALL!

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and old customers, (as well as lots of new ones,) that he has opened a grocery on the corner of State and 6th streets, (one door below Riblet & Aryes ware room,) where he has an assortment of such articles as are found in such an establishment. My stock consists in part of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, Lamp Oil, Molasses, Cider, Vinegar, White Fish, Cod Fish, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Indigo, Pearl Starch, Corn Starch for Puddings, Durkee's Baking Powder, Candles, Bar Soap, Shaving do., Crackers, soda biscuit, apples, oats, common wooden ware, stone ware, flour, &c., &c., to numerous to mention, all of which I will sell as cheap as others for cash or ready pay. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine quality and prices. Dec. 25.—33. AZRO GOFF.

MECHANIC'S TOOLS—A new supply this day received at the cheap hardware store. Jan. 29-29 RUFUS REED.

ERIE DAGUERREAN GALLERY, Park Row, a few doors West of the RIED HOUSE.

SHERMAN is happy to invite all who wish DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES, who are at all particular what kind of pictures they have, to his new Rooms which have been built expressly for the Art. LIGHT is the great agent of the Artist, and it has been the constant study of all worthy of the name since the Art was discovered, to employ and control it in the manner best adapted to produce the most favorable results. The result of this study and of thousands of experiments is that there is not a respectable permanent Gallery in the U States where the pictures are made by a common window, and he who says he can produce superior pictures by such a window proves his ignorance of the Art. The subscriber therefore begs leave to say that by his superior LIGHT, and with an apparatus worth six times any other in this city, he is enabled to produce pictures which cannot be equalled in this part of the country, and offers to excell any thing which can be produced in other rooms in Erie, or forfeit one hundred dollars. He has also a splendid Quick Working Camera, with which he takes children of any age! Let it be distinctly understood his pictures will not fade if properly kept.

N. B.—The "recent improvements" may be seen at the above rooms. W. H. SHERMAN.

Erie, Sept. 16, 1851. 13

POISONING.

THOUSANDS of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundations for a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Holensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their children's health. In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Holensack's Liver Pills.

☞ *"Be not deceived,"* but ask for Holensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

Aug 31 1852. 1y15

LIGHTNING RODS.

WE are now prepared to put up the Premium Rods and Points for any who would like to be protected from the dangers of the lightning. Remember the man that locked his barn after his horse was stolen, and do not wait until your house or barn gets a stroke before you get rods to your buildings. A word to the wise is sufficient.

RIDDELL & CO.

N. B.—Affordes from a distance punctually attended to.—Rods and points at wholesale.

March 13, 1852. 1f11

PIANO FORTE EMPORIUM.

361 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. The most extensive and varied assortment of Rosewood Piano Fortes, plain and ornamental, elegant patterns, elaborately carved, and highly finished with Pearl keys, all of our own manufacture, and warranted in every particular, can be found at our Warerooms, 361 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. Sept. 23—1y2). BENNETT & CO.

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

N. MURPHY would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has located himself at the old stand of Middleton & Murphy, on the Park Row with a large and better assortment of Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Ware manufactured of the best iron, and offered at the most reasonable rates, wholesale or retail. He has on hand Stoves of all prices and qualities constructed with reference to usefulness and convenience, and of the most durable material. Also stovepipe and elbow, and an assortment of

JAPAN WARE.

Which he flatters himself is unexcelled, if equalled, in this city.—Milk pans of all sizes and Cheese vats of every description constantly on hand. Determined to pursue the business with energy and faithfulness, and to spare no effort to render satisfaction, he hopes to receive and merit a liberal share of public patronage.

Erie May 1 1852. 51.

FISH—Just receiving, Whitefish, Mackerel, Shad, Codfish and Herring selling at a moderate credit at our store.

Erie, Nov. 6 1852—26 VINCENT, HIMROD

PITTSBURG LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!!! Capital $100,000.

MUTUAL AND JOINT STOCK RATES COMBINED.

Office under Mansion Hall, 5th St., Pitt., Pa.

IT insures on the Joint Stock and Mutual principles, thus having two distinct departments, combines the privileges of two separate companies, at the expense only of conducting a single institution, and controlled by our board of Directors, thus securing harmony, frugality and safety.

OFFICERS.

James S. Hoon, President. J. C. Leech, Treas.
S. M'Clurkan, Vice Pres't. C. A. Colton, Secy.

DIRECTORS.

J. S. Hoon,	Joseph S. Leech,
John Meade,	Hon. Wm. A. Galbraith,
S. M'Clurkan,	Wm. Phillips.

BOARD OF FINANCE.

Hon Wm Wilkins, Late Secretary of War.
Hon. Walter Forward, Late Secretary of Treasury.
John Snyder, Esq., Cashier of Pittsburg Bank.
Malcolm Leech, Esq., Wholesale Grocer.

MEDICAL BOARD, CONSULTING PHYSICIANS.

J. Gazzam, M. D., J. Brooks, M. D., W. Addison, M. D., E. G. Edrington, M. D. L. BRAINARD, General Agent.

The undersigned agent of the company at this place and vicinity, is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance; also to furnish books and circulars explaining the principles of the company to any who may wish. A. B. CHAPIN, Agent.

Erie, Oct 20 1852—25 No. 3 Williams' Block.

PIANO FORTES!

THE Subscribers would respectfully invite attention to their stock of Piano Fortes, containing many of the best assortment of boardman & Gray's with and without the celebrated Dolen Company attachment, (not Italian) ever offered west of Albany. The superiority of these Pianos is universally acknowledged, and they have received ten first class premiums within the past five years, in all places where place I in competition with all the makers generally known in this vicinity. The eight hundred dollar Piano sold by us last month to a gentleman in Philadelphia was pronounced the finest ever exhibited in this city. Every instrument is warranted to give perfect satisfaction and if the new attachment is now so much in use that a Piano is not considered perfect without it. We shall be happy to show to all who call on us, and pledge ourselves to deliver in this city any Piano Forte made by them at precisely the same price charged at the manufactory without adding transportation, &c.

Buffalo, Dec. 1-1852—3m32. J. SAGE & SONS

BOTTLES and Flasks, vials and preserving jar wholesale and retail at the city drug store. Dec. 4-30. P. HALL.

TANNERS OIL for sale at the lowest market price, by the gal. or barrel warranted pure fish oil, also: a nice article of soluble lamp oil and burning fluid for sale at the city drug store, state st. Erie, Dec. 4 1852. 30 P. HALL

BLEACHED Goods—A large amount on hand, which will be sold at low rates at July 17 1852—10 J. B. COOK'S.

War with Spain!

THE subscriber, grateful to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage extended to him during his short career in the mercantile business, takes this method of informing them that he still continues to sell goods at his unusually low prices, for Cash only, believing that small profits and quick sales is the great secret of doing business. Among his present stock may be found Broad cloths, cassimeres, satinetts, vestings, broche all wool, cashmere, plaid leaf, silk and strandilla long and square shawls, parasetts, merino de laines, tartans, tartan plaids, under sleeves, merino gloves, collars, pin-tin edgings, insertings, silk and linen hdkfs, plain and embroidered, gloves and hosiery, velvet ribbons, lace, gimp and a general assortment of dress trimmings, merrimac and other prints, brown and bleached shirtings and sheetings, all of which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the city dare offer the same quality of goods.

New York Cash Store, 4 doors east of Erie Bank.

Erie Dec. 18—32 JOHN SWEENEY.

CROCKERY.—The largest stock, the best ware, and the lowest prices in the city to at ARBUCKLE & REPLER'S.

78 SACKS Buckwheat Flour, just received and for sale. Erie Dec. 4—30 CLARK & McCARTER.

9849 YDS. M. Delains, Cashmeres, Persian Cloths, etc. These we guarantee to sell for less money than they were jobbed for two weeks ago. 29 TIBBALS & HAYES.

WINDOW glass of all sizes and qualities, warranted good and will be sold at a small advance above jobbers cost, great inducements for purchasers to buy at the City Drug store. Erie, Dec. 4 1852. P. HALL.

BRANDIES, Wines, Liquors, Alcohol and everything in the trade warranted good an I pure will be sold in the most satisfactory manner. Erie Dec. 4 1852—30 P. HALL.

SUGARS!

CRUSHED, Pulverised, Loaf, Granulated, Porto Rico and New Orleans sugars by the bbl or pound, cheap as the cheapest at the Keystone Grocery. Dec. 4 1852—30. T. W. MOORE.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

THE best and cheapest lot of Green and Black Tea in this city can be found at the grocery store of T. W. MOORE.

Erie Dec. 1—30. Opposite Brown's New Hotel state st.

STEWARTS' Syrup, Porto Ricoand New Orleans Molasses for sale cheap at Dec. 4 1852—30. MOORE'S Grocery.

BRUSHES, paint, varnish, dusting, hair, flesh, hat, horse, counter, stove, scouring, blacking, white-wash, nail, teeth, crumb, camel hair, pencil, blender, shoe, window, hearth and marking brushes of first quality and selling to suit the times, call and get a great bargain. Erie Dec. 4 1852—30 P. HALL.

PEPPER, Spice, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mustard, Citron, Corn Farina, Gelatin and a thousand articles too numerous to enumerate which please call and examine prices and quality at Erie Nov. 6 1852—25 STERRETT & GRAY'S, Cheapside.

BAY STATE Shawls cheaper than the cheapest at Oct. 9 1852—22 G. SELDEN & SON'S.

WAKED UP AT LAST!!

THE old firm of Vincent, Himrod & Co., having been dissolved on the first of March last, a new Partnership has been entered into between the subscribers under the same name, to take effect from that date, they therefore notify the public and "all the rest of mankind," that henceforth our motto shall be Cash prices and prompt payment. At our store may be found a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, and Tin ware, and at our Foundry almost every variety of machine castings from a Steam Engine to a sleigh shoe. Our Mill gearing being proverbially superior. As for Stoves we can't be beat in quality or price, neither up street nor down, our Keystone and Lion are favorably known and our new Farmers Favorite for the kitchen and Lady Franklin and Revere for the parlor throw all others in the shade. Remember *Cash prices and prompt payments.*

R. B. VINCENT,
WILLIAM HIMROD,
DAVID HIMROD,
JOHN H. VINCENT,
DAVID SHIRK.

Erie Oct 27 1852—24

N. B.—Those indebted to the old Firm are notified to call and pay up and that soon.

MULEY SAWS, MILL cut and Circular Saws at a small advance. Nov. 6-26 VINCENT, HIMROD & CO.

SILKS! SILKS!!

JUST received a splendid assortment of Plain, blk, blue Brocade and striped Silks, also col'd Silks of every style and quality at reduced prices, also 100 long and square woolen shawls at great bargains, 1000 Muslin Collars from 6cts. to $2 00 a piece. Cashmere Long Shawls, very cheap at the New York Store, No. 5 Bonnell Block. Erie Oct 30-25 MERRICK & DAVIS.

PIPE, Bar, Sheet and Pig Lead, also Zinc at Oct. 9 1852 22 RUFUS REED'S.

PUTNAMS' Patent self-adjusting curtain fixtures, a nice article. Also Brass bands, Brass and Glass Pins, at Oct. 6 1852 32 RUFUS REED'S.

WOOLEN YARN—A large and good assortment of woolen yarn, for sale at the store of Erie, Nov. 6 1852—26. VINCENT, HIMROD & CO.

WINTER Strained Lard Oil and bleached Elephant Oil at Erie Nov. 6 1852—29 J. H. BURTON & CO'S.

R. E. HARRIS, MERCHANT TAILOR,

120 Main Street, (3 Doors South of Sherman's) Buffalo.

MR. H. having opened an extensive GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING and FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, at the above Store, it is his determination to pay exclusive attention to the

CUSTOM BUSINESS.

From the patronage which he has already received from gentlemen, Mr. H. feels assured that the mode of doing business, which he has adopted, does and will give entire satisfaction to all who desire to have their garments made up in GOOD TASTE from the first quality of MATERIALS.

MR. G. W. FOLTS

Will always be in attendance to wait upon Customers, and take orders of gentlemen wishing a genteel fit and a fashionable garment made up in his best style.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

of the Latest Styles, constantly on hand.

YOUTHS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING made to order with NEATNESS AND DESPATCH.

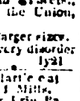
June 12 1852. 1f5

DICKEY'S Baking Powder by the gross or doz. for sale by J. G. & W. I. Mills, June No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

HATS, CAPS AND FURS FOR THE MILLION

Clear the track for

SMITH, No, 3, Cheapside!!



WILL have on hand the Largest stock of Goods, in his line, ever offered in this market, which were purchased for CASH in the Eastern cities, or manufactured by himself; by which he is enabled to sell them so low that people do say they must have got by the Custom House without paying duty. Well, what of that were smuggled, so that the people can buy.

Beautiful Silk Hats for $1.50

and for $2 50, Mexican Hats for 50 cents, and all other goods at like low prices. For proof of which, all interested can call and examine for themselves.

☞ Don't forget the place, Smith's Cheap Hat Store, No. 3, Cheapside.

Erie November 9, 1851. 25

DENTISTRY.

DR. S. C. BROWNELL, thankful for the liberal patronage extended to him by the citizens of Erie and vicinity, would say that he is permanently located in his old stand on State st., where he may be found at all times ready to execute Dental work in the best possible manner. He will also keep on hand an assortment of Dental stock for the accommodation of Dentists from the country. Dentists are invited to call. June 5.

HERE IS YOUR REMEDY, HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A MOST MIRACULOUS CURE OF BAD LEGS, AFTER 43 YEARS SUFFERING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. William Galpin, of 70, St. Mary's Street, Weymouth, dated May 15th, 1851.

To Professor Holloway, Sir—At the age of 18 my wife (who is no 61) caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep. Every remedy that medical men advised was tried, but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and, strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without scam or scar, and sleep is sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the 43 years, and contrast them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature. (Signed) WILLIAM GALPIN.

A PERSON 70 YEARS OF AGE CURED OF A BAD LEG, OF THIRTY YEARS STANDING.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. William Abbs, Builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1-51.

To Professor Holloway, Sir—I suffered for a period of 30 years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbutic symptoms. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact. (Signed) WM ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr. W. P. England, Chemist 13 Market-st. Huddersfield.

A DREADFUL BAD BREAST CURED IN ONE MONTH.

Extract from a Letter from Mrs. Hardcastle Turner, of Dunchurch, Kent, dated December 11th 1851.

To Professor Holloway, Dear Sir—My wife has suffered from bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case, and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends. (Signed) FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases—

Bad Legs	Chiego-foot.	Fistulas	Sore Nipples
Bad Breasts	Chilblains	Gout	Sore-throats
Burns	Chapped hands	Glandular	Skin-diseases
Bunions	Corns (soft)	Swellings	Scurvy
Bite of Moschetoes	Coco-bay	Lumbago	Sore-heads
Coco-bay	Contracted and	Piles	Tumours
Chigoe	Stiff Joints	Rheumatism	Wounds
Coco-bay	Elephantiasis	Scalds	Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London,) and by all respectable druggists and dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in boxes at 37½cts., 62½cts., and $1 25 cts., each. Wholesale by the principal drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands, New York.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box. 1y21

WHISKEY by the bbl, at 1s per gall, and a good article at Jun'55. J. G. & W. I. Mills, No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

DUNLAP'S BOOK OF FORMS! New Edition.

E. C. & J. Biddle, No 0 South fifth-st., Philadelphia, have just published a *Book of Forms*, containing

MORE THAN TWELVE HUNDRED FORMS,

for practice in the Courts of Pennsylvania and of the United States, and for Conveyancing; also for the use of Public Officers and Men of Business generally. Adapted to the recent acts of assembly of Pennsylvania, with explanatory remarks and numerous precedents and references to standard authorities. To which are appended a Glossary of Law terms and a copious Index. By James D. Dunlap, Counsellor at Law, &c. Second Edition. Price—Four Dollars.

The publishers have already received from nearly all of the President Judges of our State, and from other gentlemen eminent in the legal profession, their opinions of the work, which are of a highly complimentary nature. The following are selected from a large number of an equally favorable character.

Wm. Sharswood, April 8 1852.

Gentlemen: The collections of court forms for conveyancing, &c., which had been in use previous to the publication of Dunlap's work in 1845, needed revision to make them convenient, and to adapt them to changes which legislation had rendered necessary in the practice in the courts in Pennsylvania.

Your edition of that work therefore received, as it merited, the approbation of the legal profession, and supplied a want which was felt by business men generally throughout the State.

After the numerous testimonials you have received from eminent judges, in respect to the usefulness and excellence of that work, commendation of it from me would be superfluous.

I may be permitted, however, to remark that I approve of the general character and arrangement of the work, and, having examined a portion of the new edition which you are publishing, I may add that the author has greatly enlarged and improved his first edition, and that, when published, his book will be the most convenient and useful one of the kind extant.

Very truly yours, &c.,

Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle, R. C. WHITE.

Pittsburgh, April 14 1852.

Gentlemen: "Dunlap's Conveyancing and Forms" is a work of decided merit. I am glad to find that it is to be reproduced, with many valuable additions. It should be in the hands not only of lawyers and magistrates, but of the business community generally. There is scarcely a position in life in which a man will not occasionally find himself in need of the assistance of such a work.

I hope the author may be abundantly remunerated for the earning and industry bestowed upon it

With great respect, yours, &c.,

Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle. WALTER FORWARD.

Greensburgh, April 0, 1852.

Gentlemen: You have favored me with the printed sheets, from page 9 to 136 inclusive, of the second edition of Mr. Dunlap's Book of Forms. I am pleased to learn that a second edition of his work is about being issued. It has been, and now is, one of the best works of the kind in the hands of the profession, and is evidently much improved by the author's revision and additions.

I have the pleasure of an acquaintance with Mr. Dunlap. He is a gentleman whose respectable professional attainments and methodical habit of mind fit him well to be the author of such a work. I shall not hesitate to recommend it to the gentlemen of the Bar in the 10th district. Very respectfully, &c.,

Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle. J. M. BURRELL.

Huntingdon, April 20 1852.

Gentlemen: Important changes in our statutes, since the publication of "Dunlap's Conveyancing and Forms," seemed to call for some enlargement of that excellent and highly useful work — The edition which you are about to publish, embodying as it does a very large amount of new and varied matter, and being so well adapted to general and present wants, cannot fail to be greeted with a cordial welcome by the profession.

A familiar acquaintance with the work, and a careful examination of the sheets of the forthcoming edition, enable me to recommend it, with great confidence, as a book which should be in the hands of every scrivener, and have an early place in the library of every gentleman engaged in the practice of the law.

Very respectfully, yours &c.,

Messrs. E. C. & J. Biddle. GEORGE TAYLOR.

Oct. 30 1852. 1f25

Dress Trimmings.

SILK fringes, lace gimp, Jenny Lind trimmings ribbon do. velvet ribbons, silk braid, worsted do. gilt edged and plain silk trimmings, buttons and other kinds of trimmings at Erie Nov. 6 1852—25. SMITH JACKSON'S.

LADIES Snow Overshoes, a new and desirable style; also, Ladies Fine Gaiters, of all sizes from twos to eights, for sale by Sept. 25. WILCOX & NORTON.

A LARGE supply of fresh Drugs and Chemicals warranted pure, offered for sale at the lowest prices by P. HALL, City Drug Store State-st., Erie Pa. Dec 4 1852—30.

ERIE AND NORTH EAST RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after Monday Nov. 22d 1852, Trains leave Erie going East daily, (sundays excepted, as follows.

- No. 1, Day Express and Mail at 12 20 P. M.
- " 2, Freight " 3 00 " "
- " 3, Night Express " 1 20 A. M.

Trains leave by Eastern Railroad time, which is about thirty (30) minutes faster than Erie Time. J. F. TRACY, Sup't

Erie Nov. 27 1852—29.

PURE and extra whiteland, dry and ground in oil by the pound keg or ton. Linseed oil from Ohio warranted pure, boiled and unboiled, by the barrel or gallon, spirits Tur, entune in abundance, varnishes of every kind, chrome green and yellow, Auserican, Chinese, vermillion and venition red, yellow ochre, iroach yellow, Paris green, lamp black of every quality, Prussian and ultra-marine blue, whiting, red lead, litharge, Turkey umber and every other kind of paints and materials in the trade which are offered as low as can be bought in this latitude.

Erie Dec. 4 1852—30 P. HALL.

50 Boxes superior Cavendish Tobacco of all grades; also pure natural leaf Tobacco for sale by Erie Nov. 6 1852—26. STERRETT & GRAY, Cheapside.

CHAIN, Well and Cistern Pumps, all sizes and prices at Erie, May 15th, 1853. MURPHEY'S, on Park Row.

1853 1853

J. H. GUNNISON,

DEALER in Books, Stationery, Monthly Magazines, Cheap Publications, Sheet Music, Newspapers, Gold Pens, Pocket Cutlery &c., &c. First door west of the Reed House, Erie, Pa. 32

1000 Lbs. Dried Beef of a superior quality on hand and for sale by Jan. 22-37 CLARK & McCARTER.

THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, *(of Philadelphia,)*

ARE now doing business on the Mutual plan, giving the insured a participation in the profits of the Company, without liability beyond the premium paid.

Risks upon the Lakes and Canal insured on the most favorable terms. Losses will be liberally and promptly adjusted.

Fire risks on merchandize, buildings and other property, in town or country, for a limited term permanently.

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☞ Application can be made to J. KELLOGG, Erie Agent,

Erie, Feb. 19, 1852.

The Erie County Mutual Insurance Company.

THIS Company divided their risks into two classes, viz.—

First Class or *Farmers Company*, in which farm property and detached buildings may be insured. No risk taken in this class to exceed $2000.

Second Class or Commercial Department, in which various k